

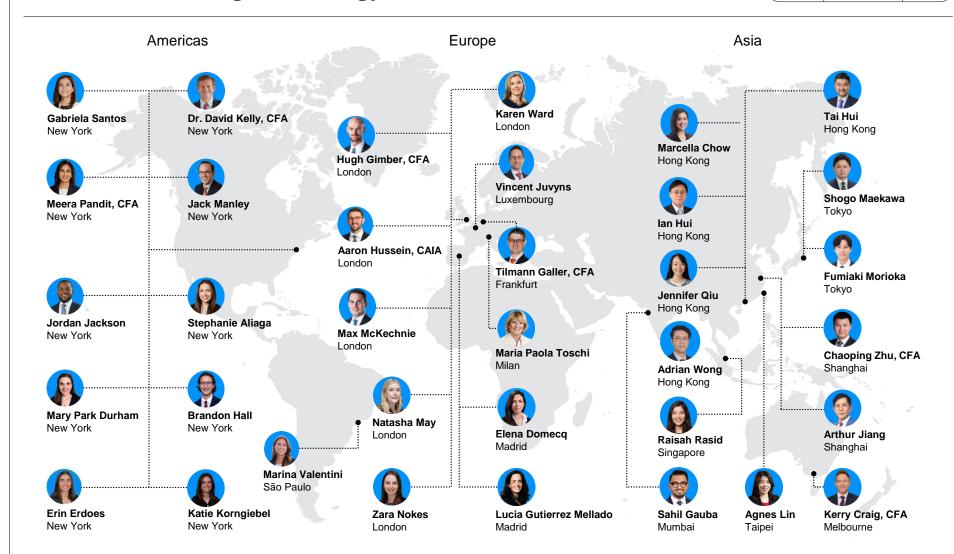
Guide to the Markets

Europe | 4Q 2024 As of 29 October 2024





Global Market Insights Strategy Team







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GTM Europe

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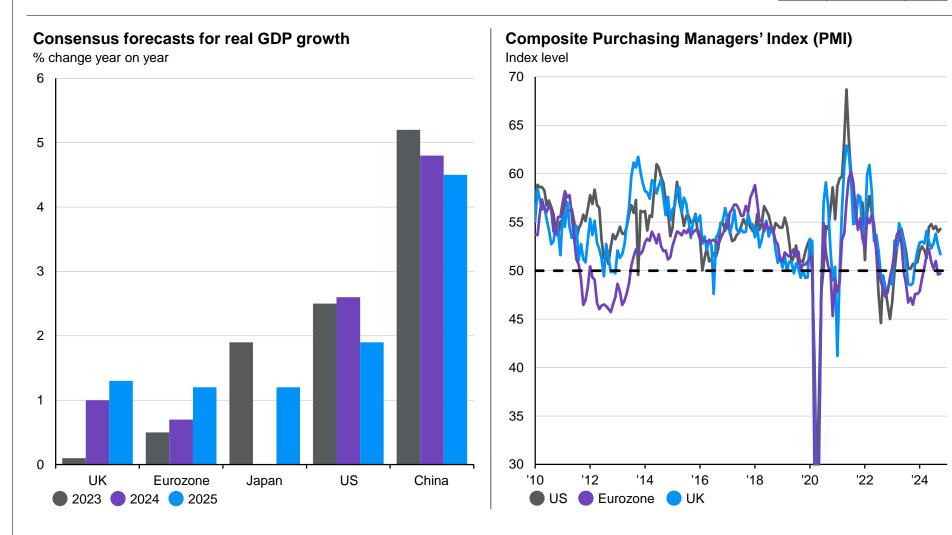
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Global growth







Global Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) for manufacturing

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Global manufacturing PMI

Index level 2024







Global inflation

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Headline inflation

% change year on year

	0 ,	2022				2023											2024								
		Oct	Nov.	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Eurozone	Eurozone	10,6	10,1	9,2	8,6	8,5	6,9	7,0	6,1	5,5	5,3	5,2	4,3	2,9	2,4	2,9	2,8	2,6	2,4	2,4	2,6	2,5	2,6	2,2	1,7
	France	7,1	7,1	6,7	7,0	7,3	6,7	6,9	6,0	5,3	5,1	5,7	5,7	4,5	3,9	4,1	3,4	3,2	2,4	2,4	2,6	2,5	2,7	2,2	1,4
	Germany	11,6	11,3	9,6	9,2	9,3	7,8	7,6	6,3	6,8	6,5	6,4	4,3	3,0	2,3	3,8	3,1	2,7	2,3	2,4	2,8	2,5	2,6	2,0	1,8
	Italy	12,6	12,6	12,3	10,7	9,8	8,1	8,6	8,0	6,7	6,3	5,5	5,6	1,8	0,6	0,5	0,9	0,8	1,2	0,9	0,8	0,9	1,6	1,2	0,7
	Spain	7,3	6,7	5,5	5,9	6,0	3,1	3,8	2,9	1,6	2,1	2,4	3,3	3,5	3,3	3,3	3,5	2,9	3,3	3,4	3,8	3,6	2,9	2,4	1,7
	Greece	9,5	8,8	7,6	7,3	6,5	5,4	4,5	4,1	2,8	3,5	3,5	2,4	3,8	2,9	3,7	3,2	3,1	3,4	3,2	2,4	2,5	3,0	3,2	3,1
	Ireland	9,4	9,0	8,2	7,5	8,1	7,0	6,3	5,4	4,8	4,6	4,9	5,0	3,6	2,5	3,2	2,7	2,3	1,7	1,6	2,0	1,5	1,5	1,1	0,0
Developed	Sweden	9,8	10,1	10,8	9,6	9,7	8,1	7,7	6,7	6,3	6,3	4,5	3,7	4,0	3,3	1,9	3,4	2,6	2,3	2,4	2,5	1,4	1,7	1,3	1,2
	Switzerland	2,9	2,9	2,7	3,2	3,2	2,7	2,6	2,2	1,8	2,1	1,9	2,0	2,0	1,6	2,1	1,5	1,2	1,1	1,4	1,5	1,3	1,2	1,0	0,9
	UK	11,1	10,7	10,5	10,1	10,4	10,1	8,7	8,7	7,9	6,8	6,7	6,7	4,6	3,9	4,0	4,0	3,4	3,2	2,3	2,0	2,0	2,2	2,2	1,7
	US	7,7	7,1	6,5	6,4	6,0	5,0	4,9	4,0	3,0	3,2	3,7	3,7	3,2	3,1	3,4	3,1	3,2	3,5	3,4	3,3	3,0	2,9	2,5	2,4
	Japan	3,7	3,8	4,0	4,3	3,3	3,2	3,5	3,2	3,3	3,3	3,2	3,0	3,3	2,8	2,6	2,2	2,8	2,7	2,5	2,8	2,8	2,8	3,0	2,5
Emerging	China	2,1	1,6	1,8	2,1	1,0	0,7	0,1	0,2	0,0	-0,3	0,1	0,0	-0,2	-0,5	-0,3	-0,8	0,7	0,1	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,5	0,6	0,4
	Indonesia	5,6	5,4	5,4	5,1	5,4	5,0	4,4	4,1	3,5	3,1	3,4	2,3	2,6	3,0	2,8	2,6	2,8	3,0	3,0	2,8	2,5	2,1	2,1	1,8
	Korea	5,6	5,0	5,0	5,0	4,7	4,2	3,7	3,4	2,7	2,4	3,4	3,7	3,8	3,3	3,2	2,8	3,1	3,1	2,9	2,7	2,4	2,6	2,0	1,6
	Taiwan	2,7	2,4	2,7	3,1	2,4	2,4	2,3	2,0	1,8	1,9	2,5	2,9	3,0	2,9	2,7	1,8	3,1	2,1	1,9	2,2	2,4	2,5	2,4	1,8
	India	6,8	5,9	5,7	6,5	6,4	5,7	4,7	4,3	4,9	7,4	6,8	5,0	4,9	5,6	5,7	5,1	5,1	4,9	4,8	4,8	5,1	3,6	3,7	5,5
	Brazil	6,5	5,9	5,8	5,8	5,6	4,7	4,2	3,9	3,2	4,0	4,6	5,2	4,8	4,7	4,6	4,5	4,5	3,9	3,7	3,9	4,2	4,5	4,2	4,4
	Mexico	8,4	7,8	7,8	7,9	7,6	6,8	6,3	5,8	5,1	4,8	4,6	4,5	4,3	4,3	4,7	4,9	4,4	4,4	4,7	4,7	5,0	5,6	5,0	4,6
	South Africa	7,6	7,4	7,2	6,9	7,0	7,1	6,8	6,3	5,4	4,7	4,8	5,4	5,9	5,5	5,1	5,3	5,6	5,3	5,2	5,2	5,1	4,6	4,4	3,8

Source: Bank of Mexico, DGBAS, ECB, Federal Reserve, IBGE, India Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation, Japan Ministry of Internal Affairs & Communication, Korean National Statistical Office, LSEG Datastream, National Bureau of Statistics of China, ONS, Riksbank, Statistics Indonesia, Statistics South Africa, Swiss National Bank, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Eurozone countries use HICP inflation, all other countries use CPI inflation. Heatmap colours are based on the respective central bank target inflation rates. Blue is below target, white is at target and red is above target. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.

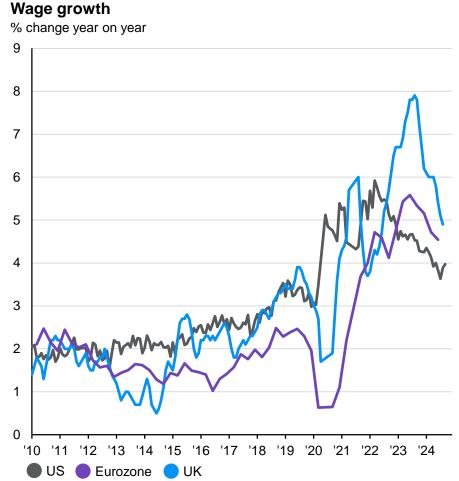




Global inflationary pressures

GTM Europe





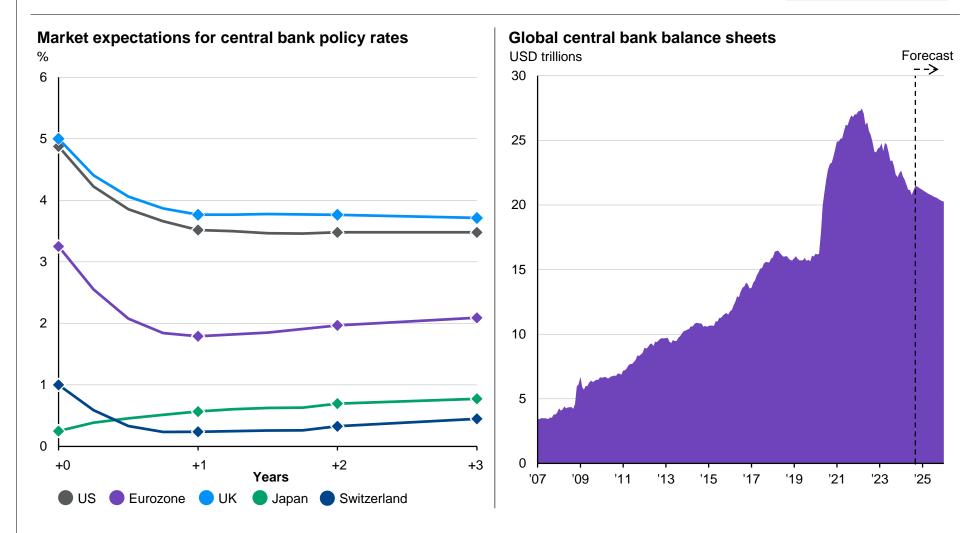
Source: (Left) Bloomberg, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. 5y5y inflation swaps represent the market's expectation of five-year average inflation, starting in five years' time. UK inflation swaps use RPI rather than CPI as the reference point, which partly explains why the UK 5y5y is higher than other regions. Strong demand for index-linked Gilts from defined benefit UK pension funds also drives the UK 5y5y higher. (Right) BLS, Eurostat, LSEG Datastream, ONS, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. US is average hourly non-farm earnings; eurozone is compensation per employee; UK is three-month moving average of whole economy regular pay (as published). All measures are smoothed to reduce pandemic-related distortions. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





Global monetary policy

GTM Europe 8



Source: (Left) Bloomberg, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Expectations are calculated using OIS forwards. (Right) BoE, BoJ, ECB, Fed, LSEG Datastream, SNB, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Global central bank balance sheet is the sum of the balance sheets of the BoE, BoJ, ECB, Fed and SNB. Forecast from J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.

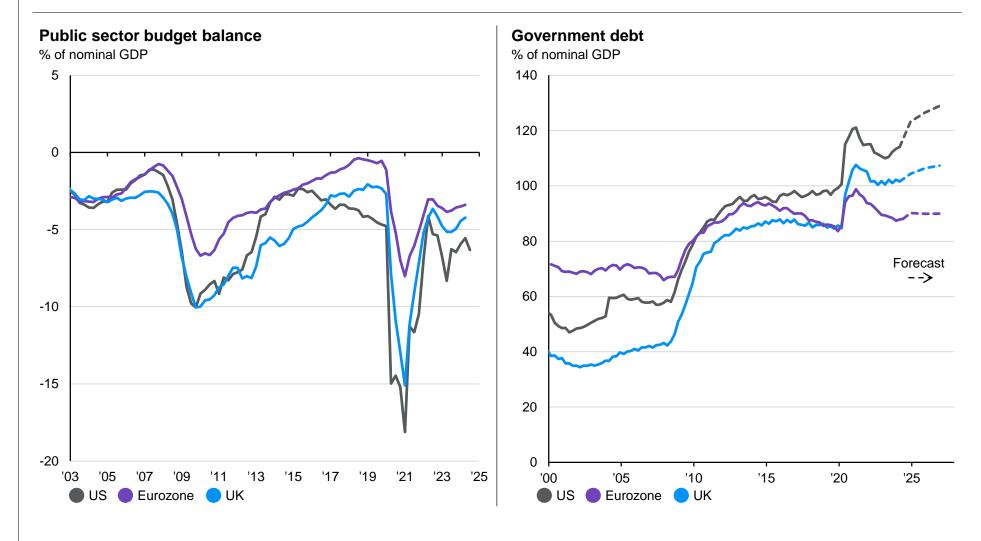




Global fiscal policy

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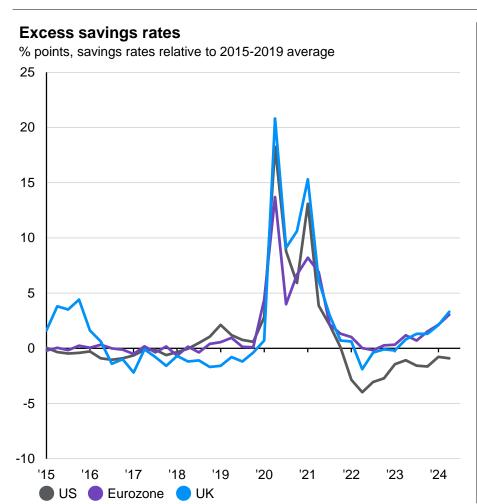
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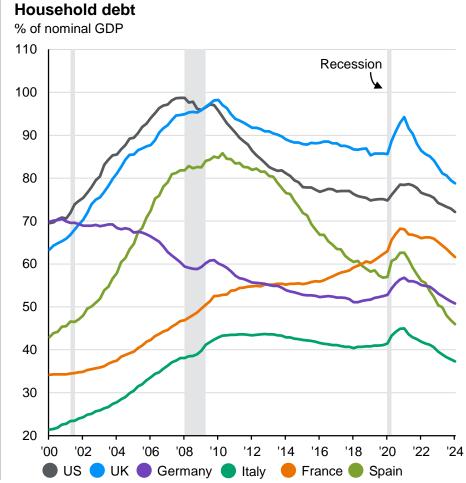






Global consumer balance sheets



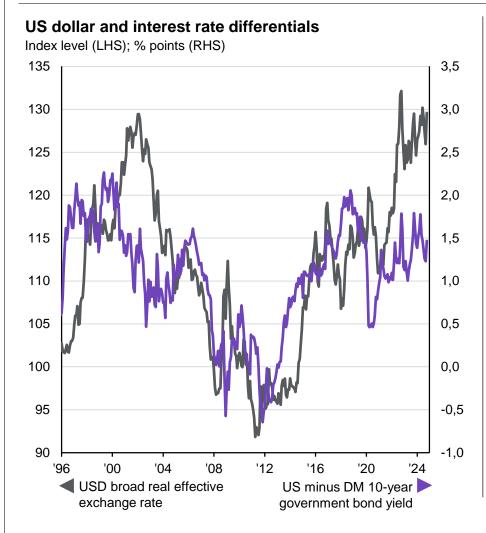


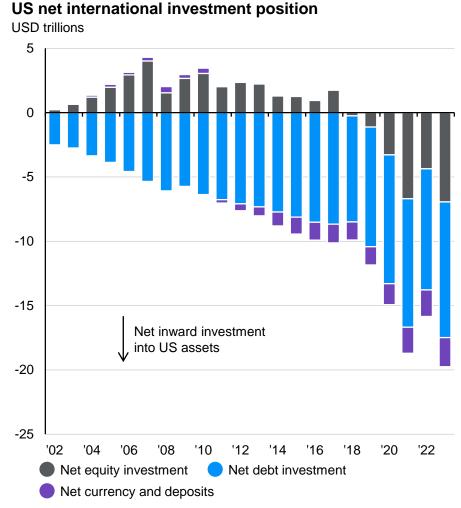




US dollar

GTM Europe 11





Source: (Left) J.P. Morgan Securities Research, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. DM is developed markets and the yield is calculated as a GDP-weighted average of the 10-year government bond yields of Australia, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, Switzerland and the UK. (Right) BEA, Bloomberg, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Equity and debt investments include funds. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.



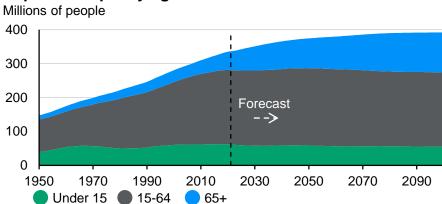


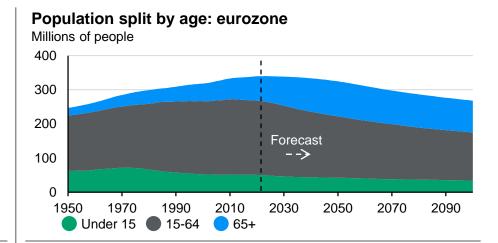
Global demographics

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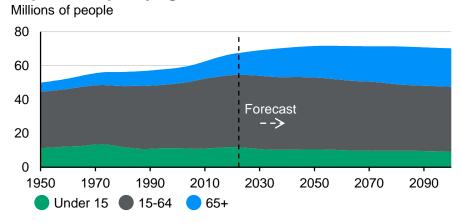
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Population split by age: US

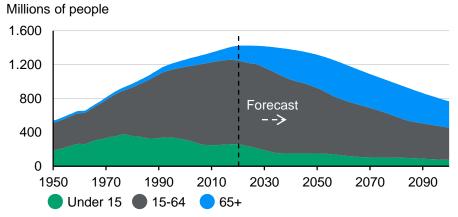




Population split by age: UK



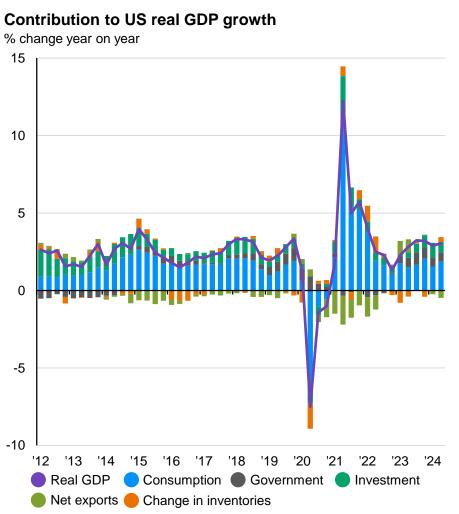


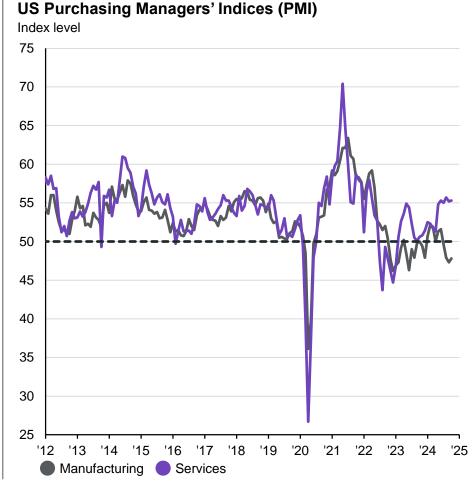






US GDP and business surveys









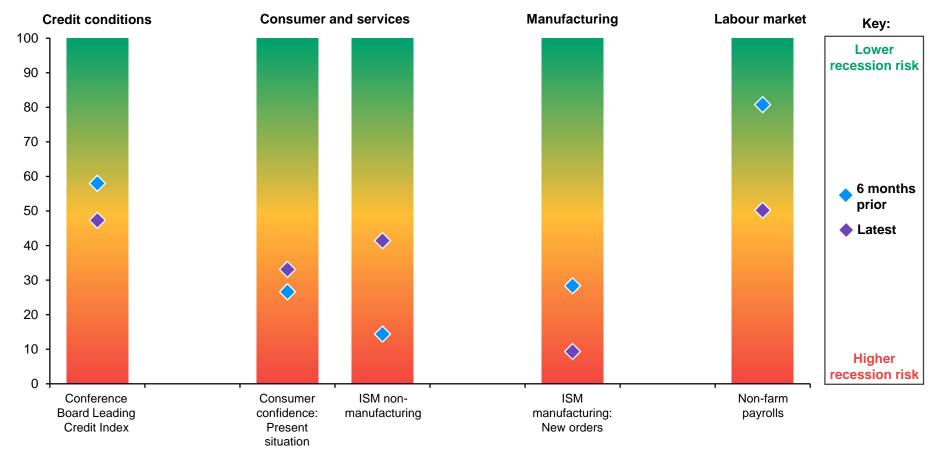
US Economic Monitor

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US economic indicators

Percentile rank relative to historic data since 1990



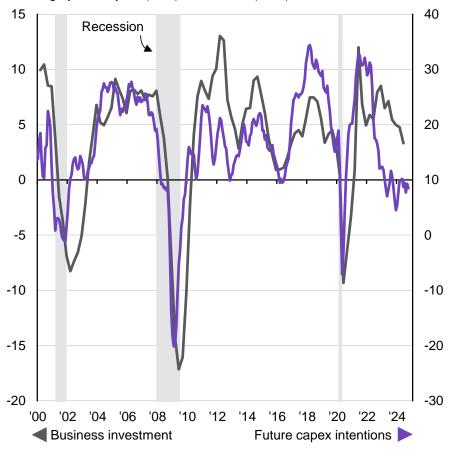




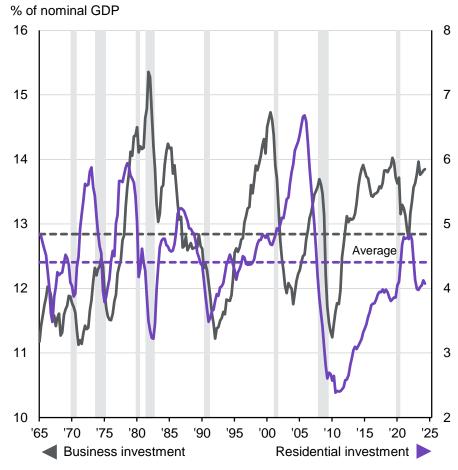
US business and residential investment

GTM Europe 15

US real business investment and future capex intentions % change year on year (LHS); index level (RHS)



US residential and business investment



Source: (Left) BEA, Dallas Fed, Kansas City Fed, LSEG Datastream, New York Fed, Philadelphia Fed, Richmond Fed, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Future capex intentions is an equally weighted average of the five aforementioned Fed districts' capex intentions measures, shown as a three-month moving average. (Right) BEA, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Periods of recession are defined using US National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) business cycle dates. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.



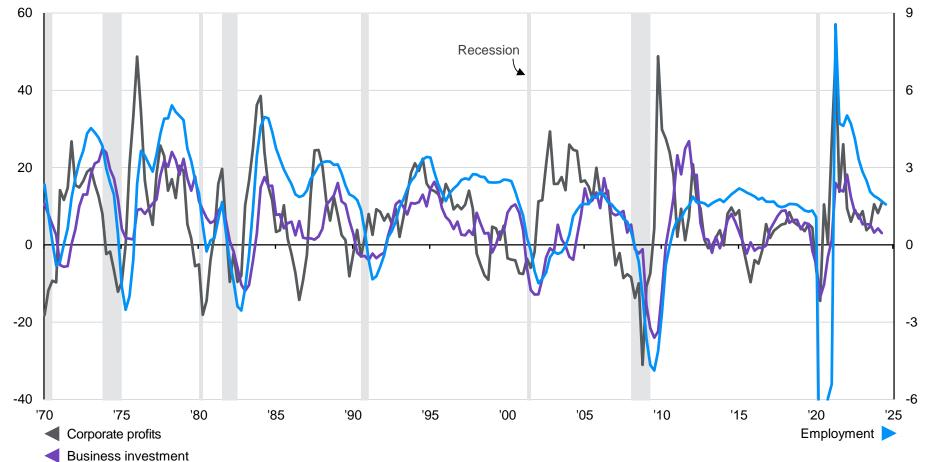


US profits, investment and employment

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US corporate profits, business investment and employment

% change year on year

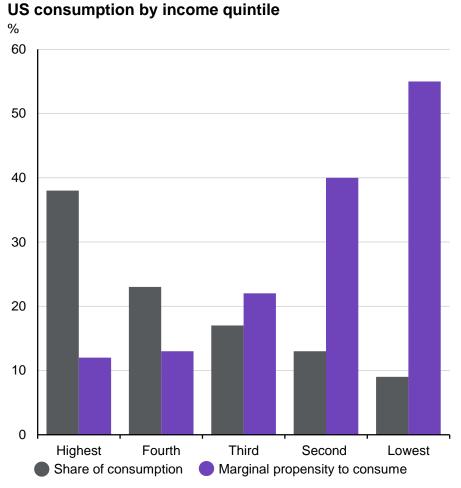






US consumer



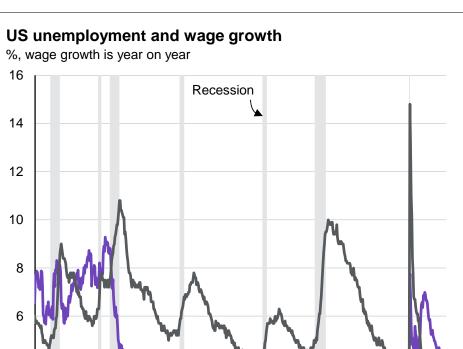


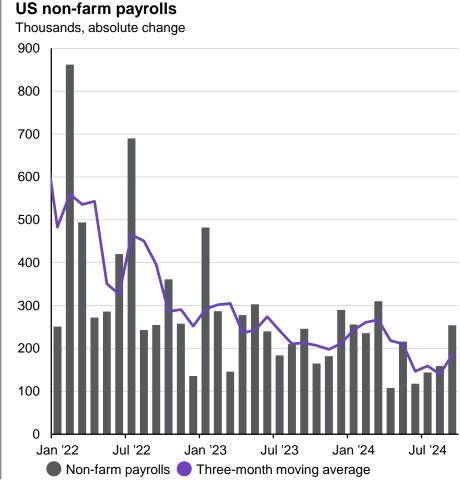




US labour market

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'16

'20

4

2

'80

Unemployment

'84

'88

'92

'96

Wage growth

'00

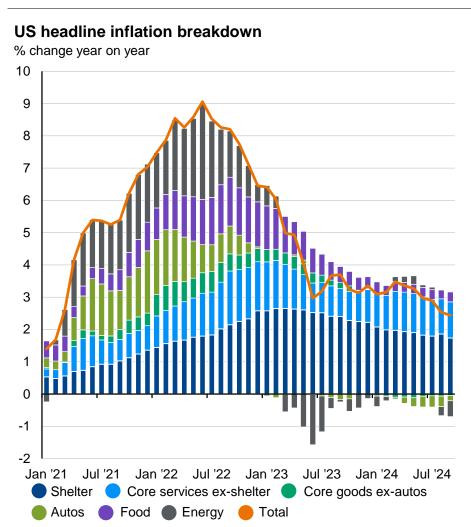
'04

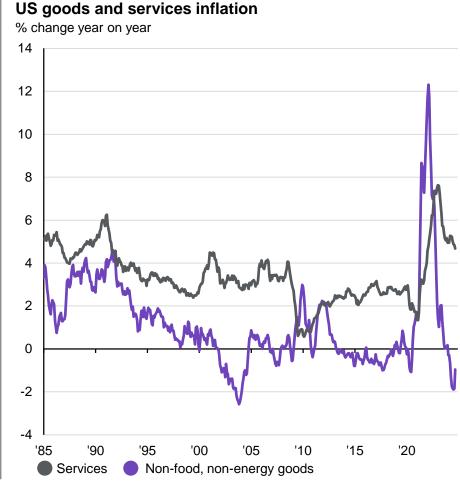
'08

'12



US inflation



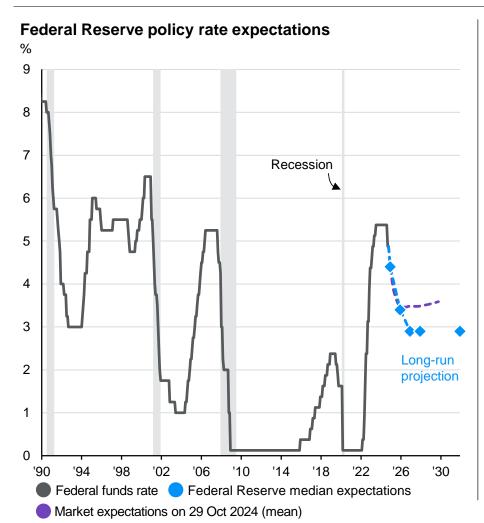


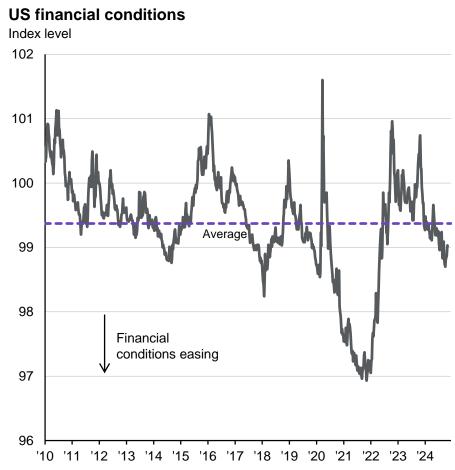




US Federal Reserve policy

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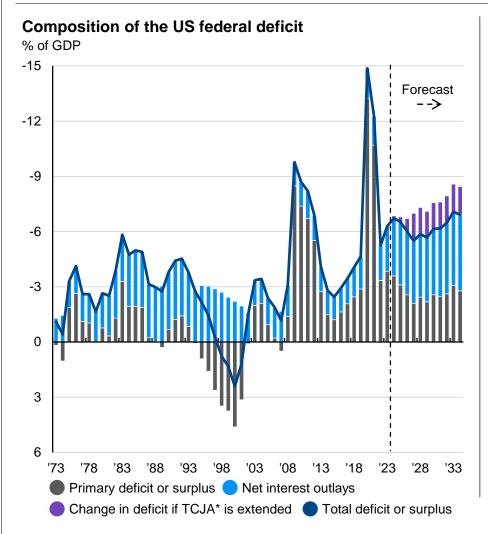


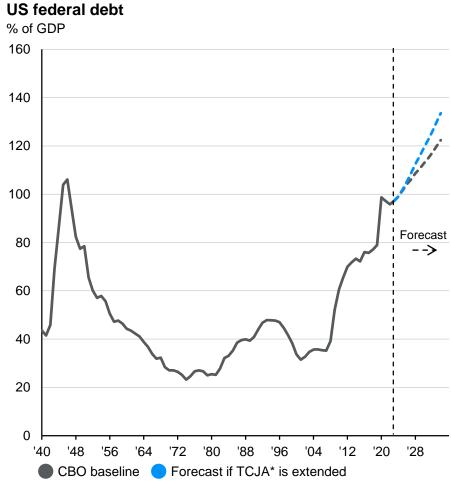
Source: (Left) Bloomberg, BLS, Federal Reserve, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Market expectations are calculated using OIS forwards. The long-run projection represents the committee's median assessment of where the federal funds rate would be expected to converge to under the appropriate monetary policy and in the absence of further shocks to the economy. Periods of recession are defined using US National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) business cycle dates. (Right) Bloomberg, Goldman Sachs, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. The financial conditions index is a measure of how easily money and credit flow through the economy. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





US fiscal policy





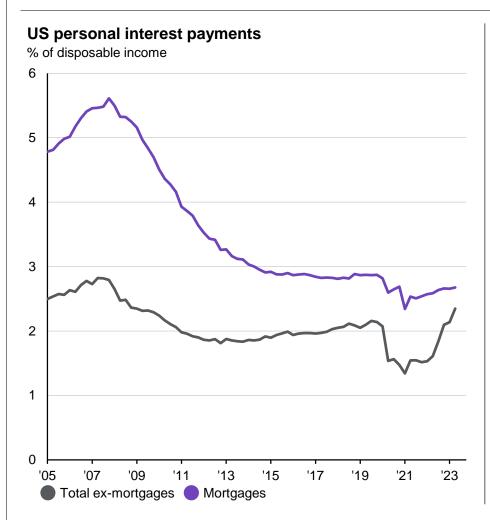


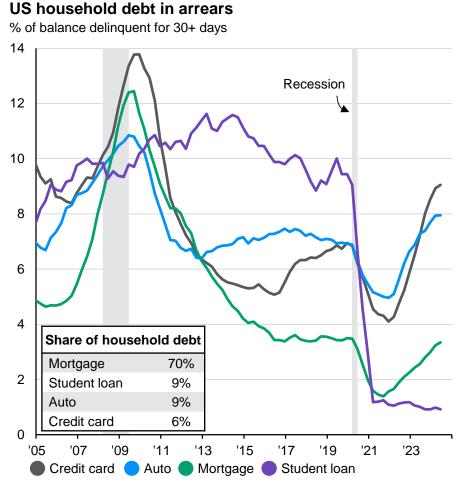




US interest rate sensitivity

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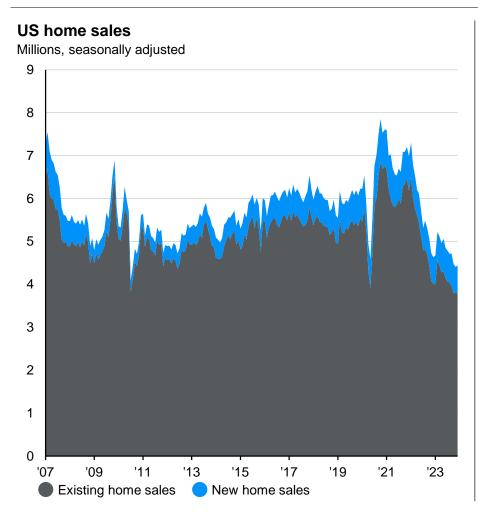


Source: (Left) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, LSEG Datastream, Mortgage Bankers Association of America, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. (Right) Federal Reserve Bank of New York, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Percentages in table do not sum to 100 as they exclude home equity and other debt balances. Periods of recession are defined using US National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) business cycle dates. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.





US housing activity and inventories

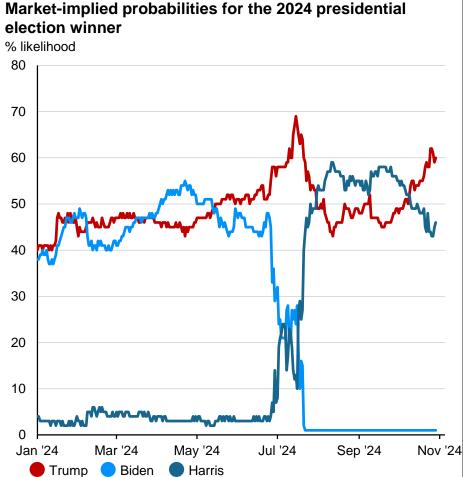


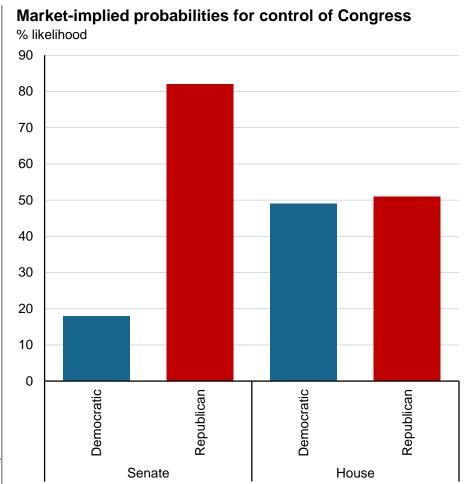






US politics



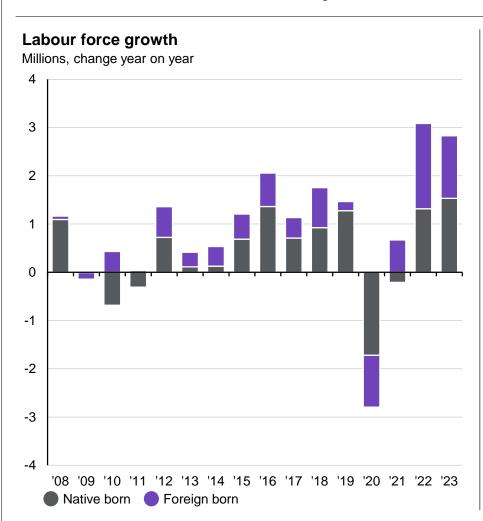






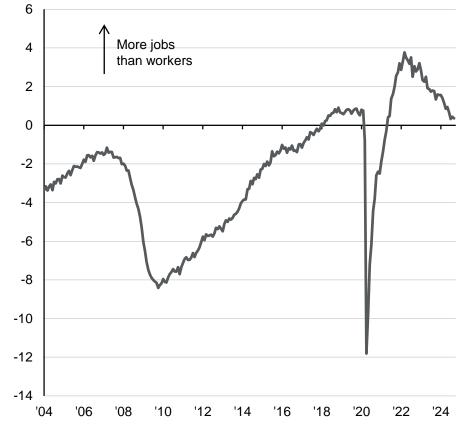
US focus: Labour market dynamics

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US labour supply and demand

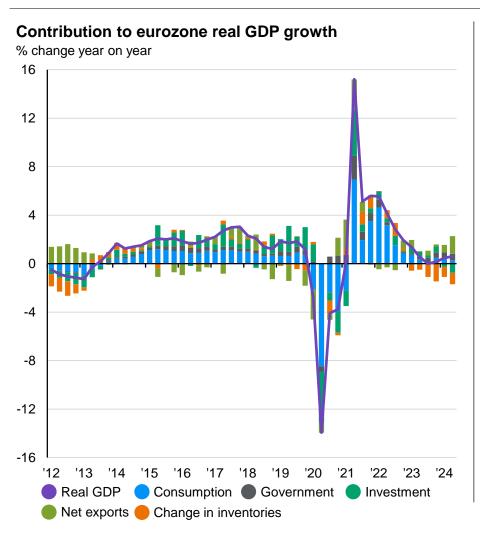
% points, employment plus job openings relative to labour force

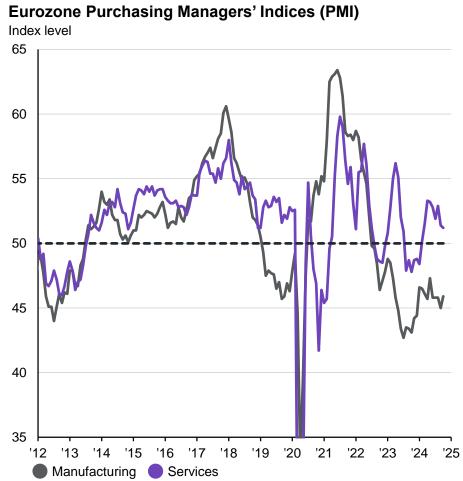






Eurozone GDP and business surveys









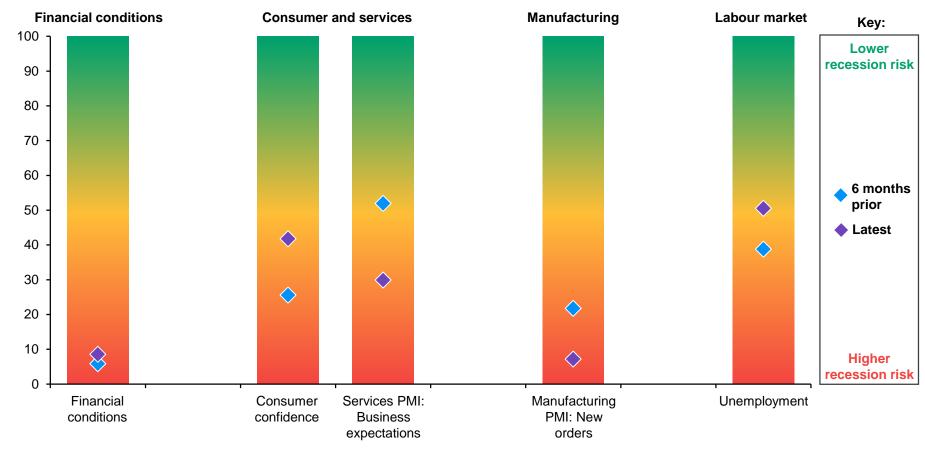
Eurozone Economic Monitor

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Eurozone economic indicators

Percentile rank relative to historic data since 1999







Eurozone business investment and credit conditions

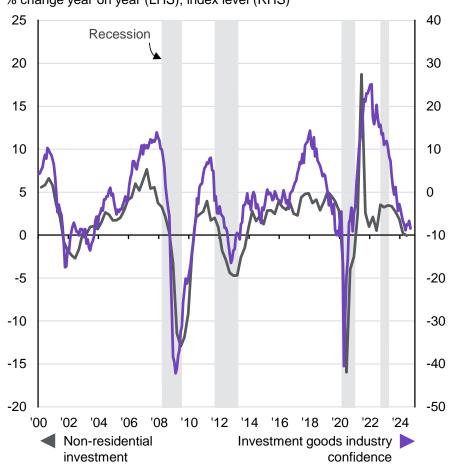
Europe

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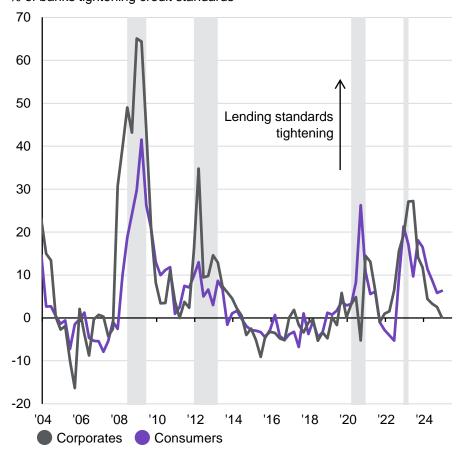
Eurozone real investment and investment confidence

% change year on year (LHS); index level (RHS)



Eurozone credit conditions

% of banks tightening credit standards







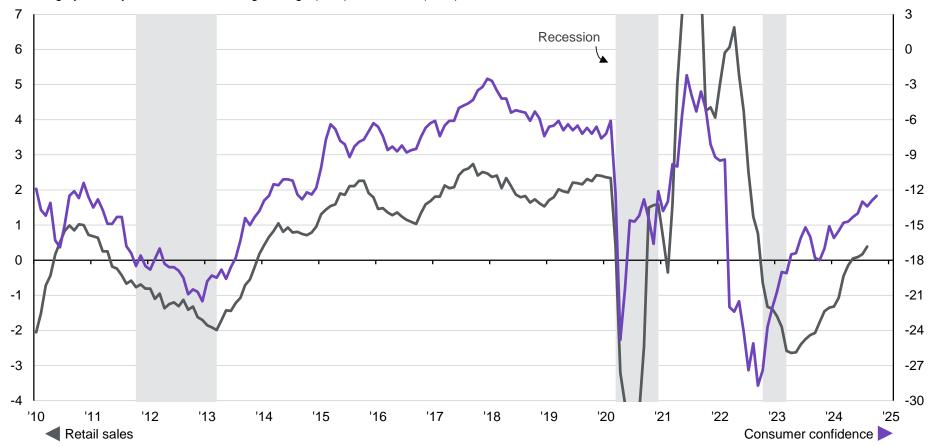
Eurozone consumer

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Eurozone retail sales and consumer confidence

% change year on year, six-month moving average (LHS); index level (RHS)

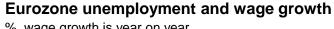


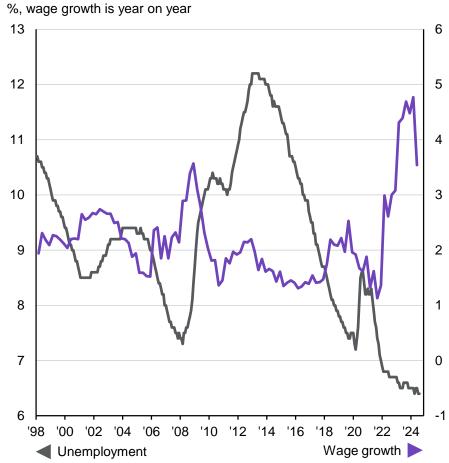




Eurozone labour market

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Eurozone headline inflation and wage growth % change year on year 12 10 6 -2 '20 '22 '24 Headline inflation Wage growth

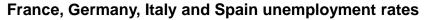


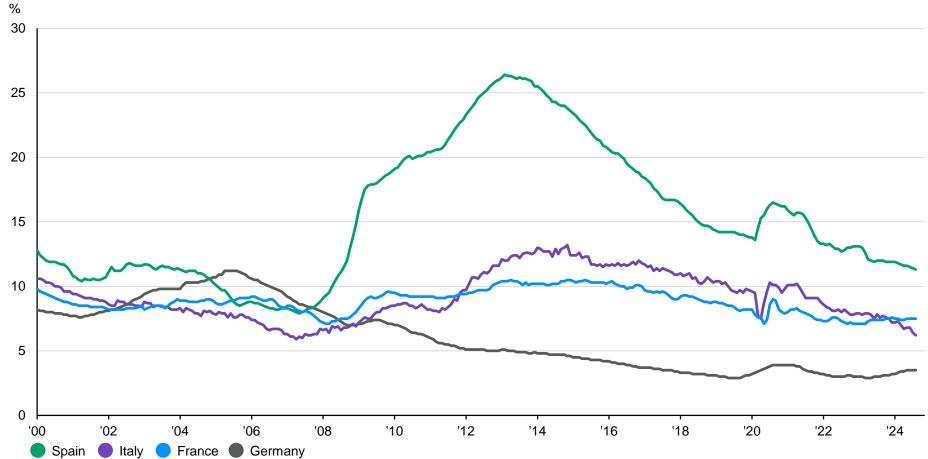


Eurozone unemployment

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Europe 31





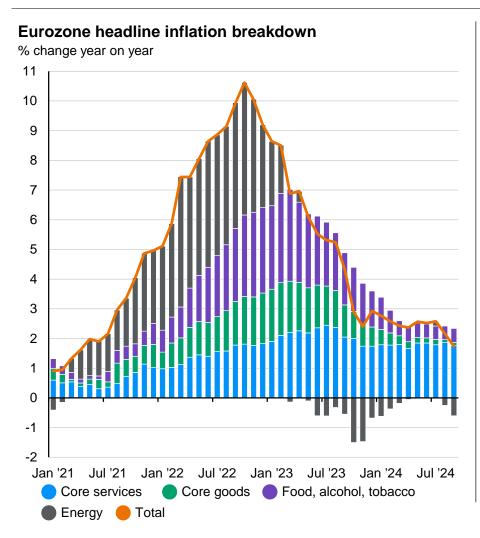


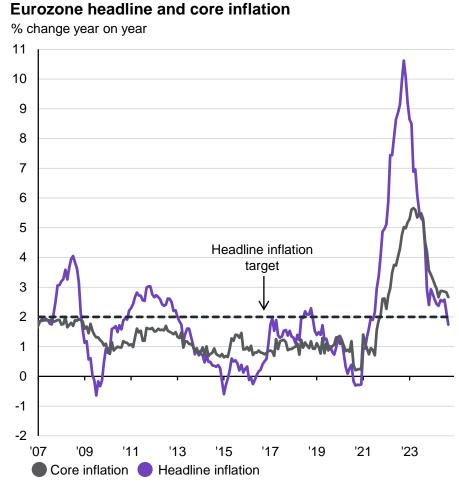


Eurozone inflation

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32

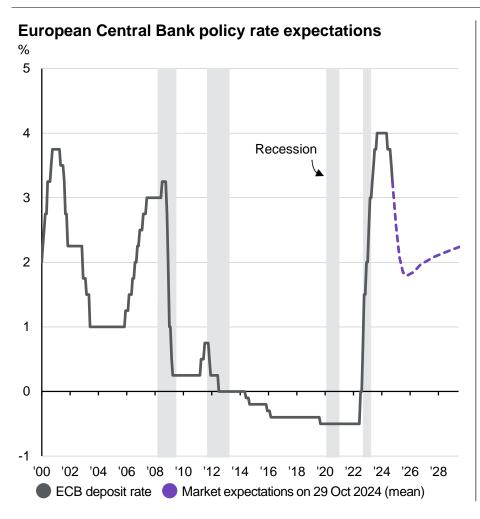


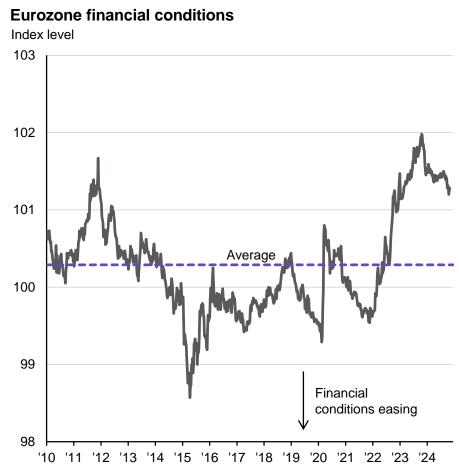






European Central Bank policy







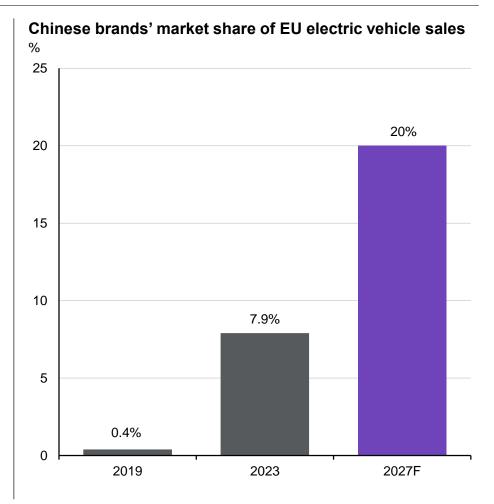


Eurozone focus: Economic surprises and autos

GTM Europe 34

Citigroup economic surprise indices Index level 150 Economic indicators / coming in above expectations 100 50 0 -50 -100 -150 Jan '23 Jul '23 Jan '24 Jul '24

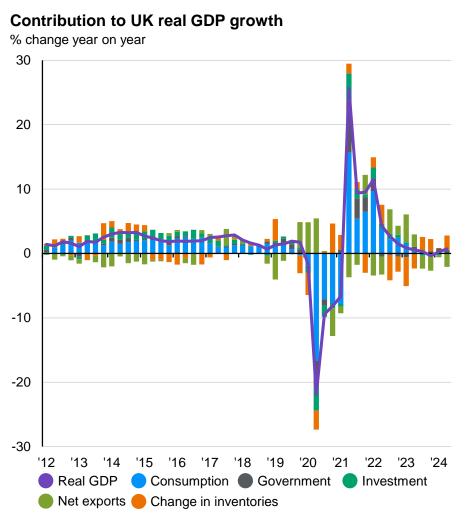
Eurozone

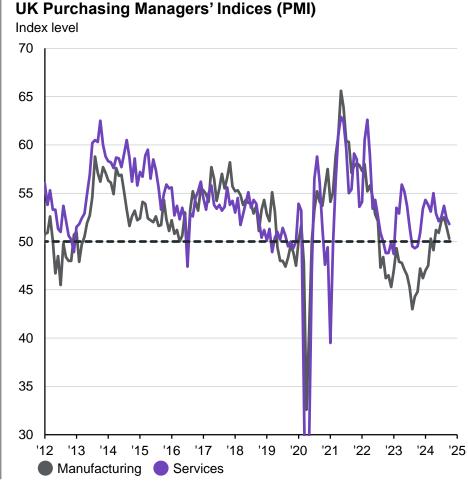






UK GDP and business surveys







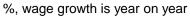


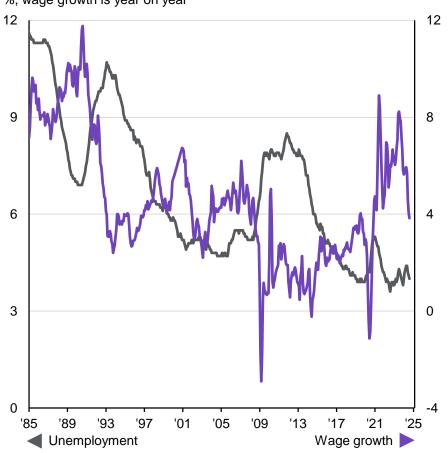
UK labour market

GTM

Europe 36

UK unemployment rate and wage growth

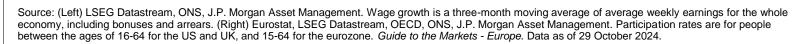




Labour force participation rates

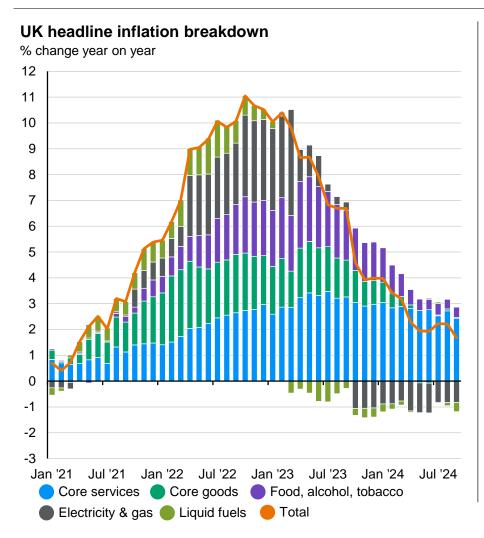


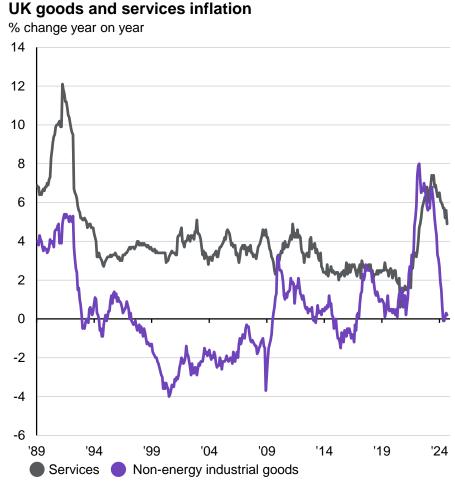






UK inflation

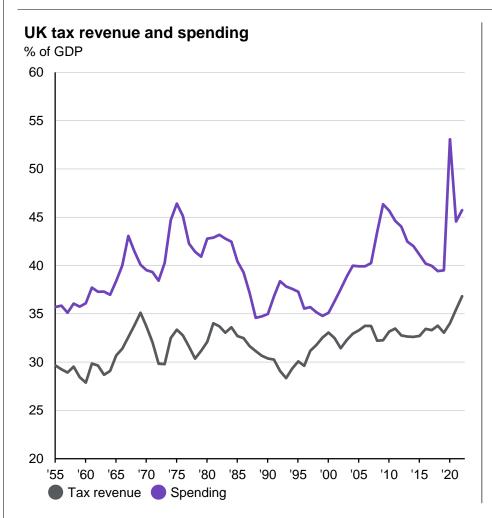


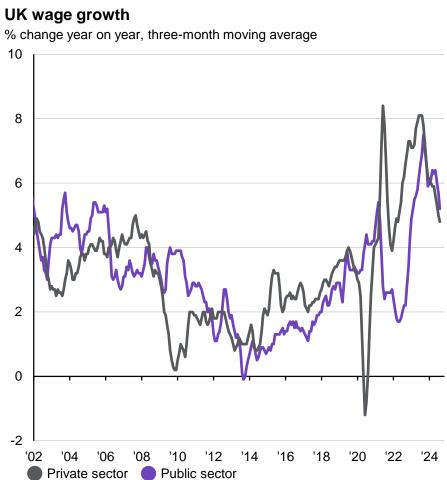






UK focus: Fiscal challenges

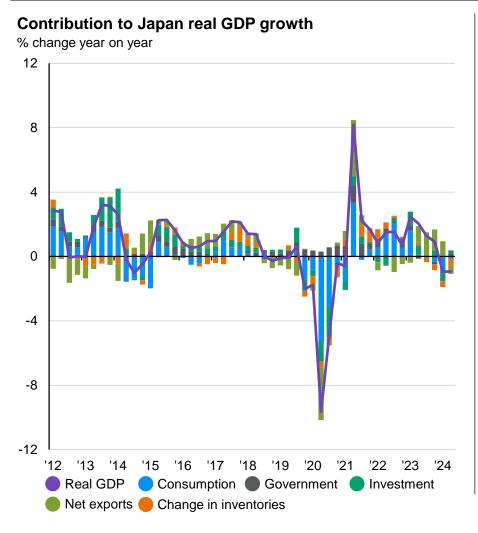


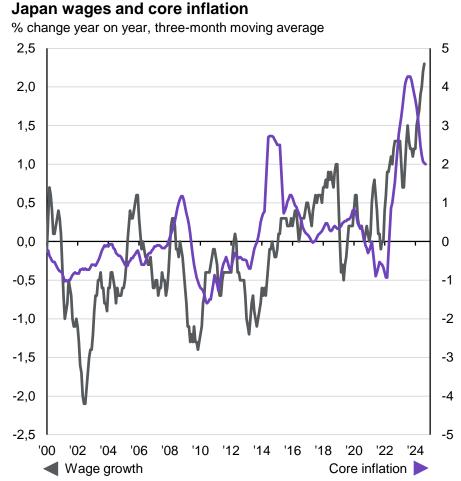


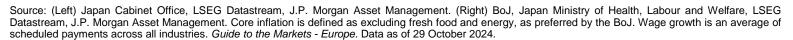




Japan GDP, inflation and wages







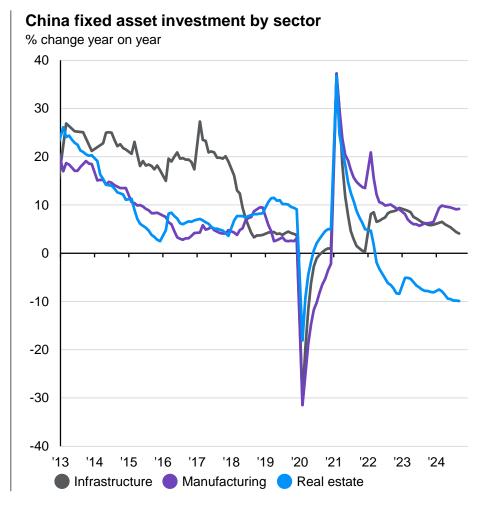




China growth drivers

GTM Europe 40

Contribution to China real GDP growth % change year on year 16 14 12 10 8 6 4





'14

'18

'22

-2

-4

'90

'94

GDP growth

'98

'02

'06

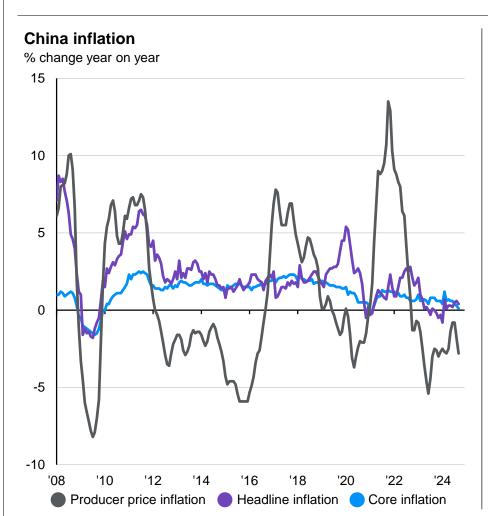
Investment contribution

'10

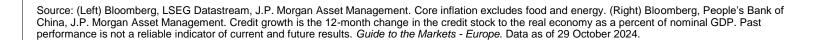


China inflation and credit dynamics

GTM Europe 41



China credit growth and Reserve Requirement Ratio (RRR) % of nominal GDP (LHS); % (RHS) 36 32 20 28 15 24 10 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20 '21 '22 '23 '24 RRR > Credit growth

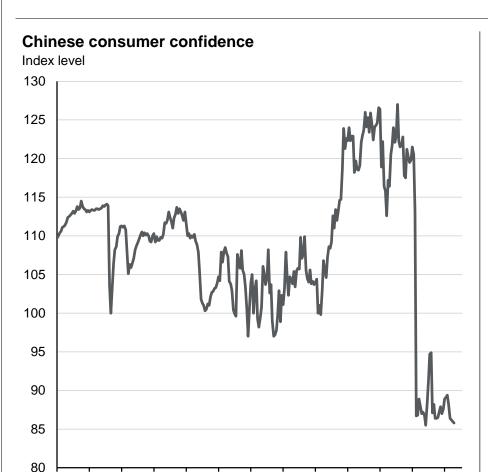






China consumer

GTM Europe 42



'12

'10

'16





'22

'20

'00

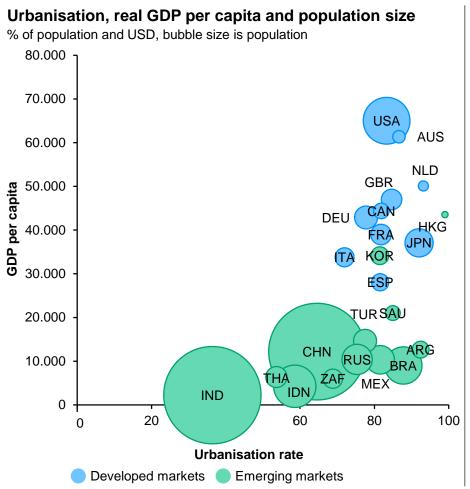
'02

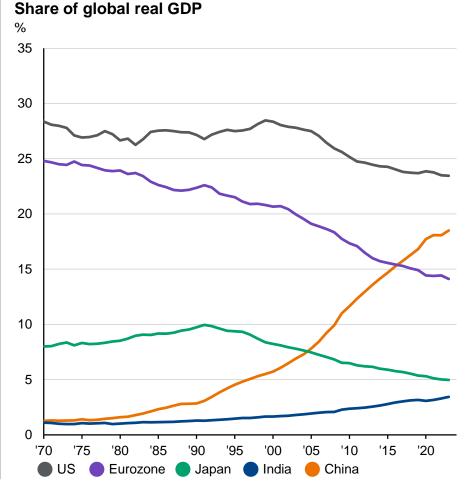
'04

'08



Emerging market structural dynamics



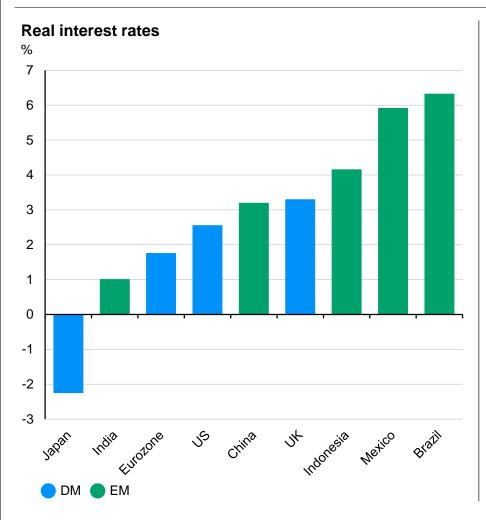


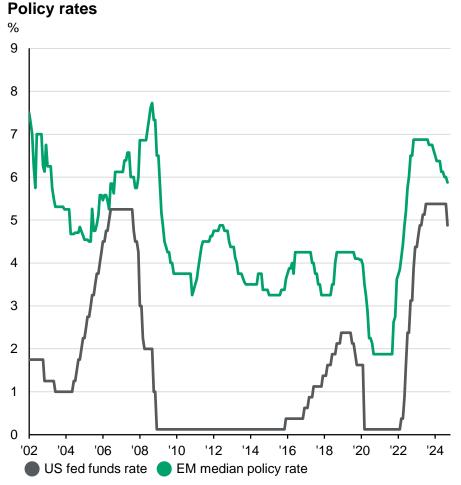




EM focus: Scope for easing

GTM Europe 44





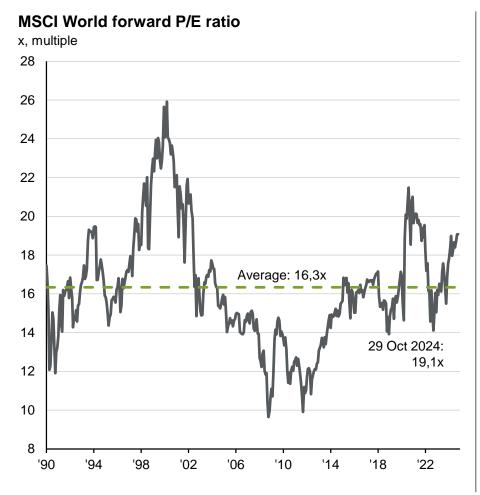
Source: (All charts) Bloomberg, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Real rates are calculated by deducting the headline inflation rate from the policy rate. EM median policy rate includes Argentina, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Czech Republic, Egypt, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Israel, Malaysia, Mexico, Peru, Philippines, Poland, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand and Turkey. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.

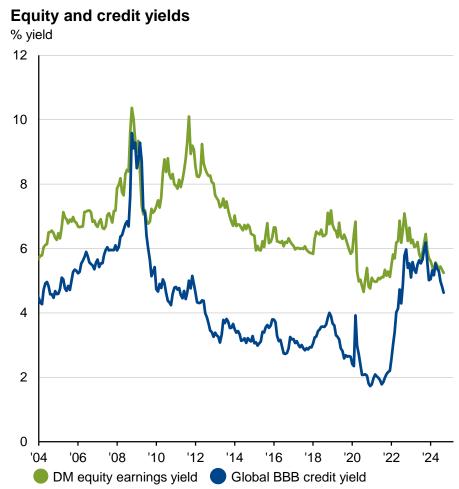




World equity valuations

GTM Europe 45





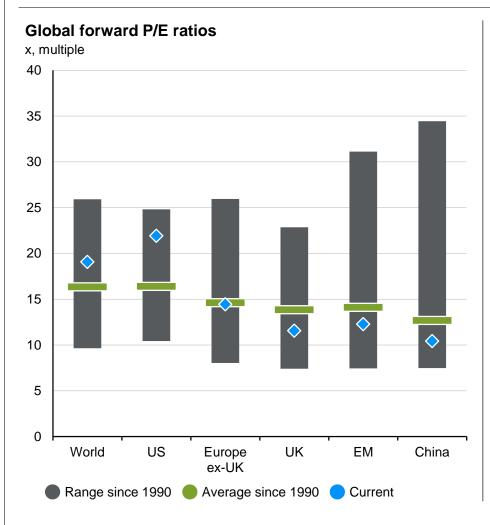
Source: (Left) IBES, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Forward P/E ratio is price to 12-month forward earnings, calculated using IBES earnings estimates. (Right) BofA, IBES, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Developed market equities: MSCI World, Global BBB credit: BofA Global BBB Corporate Index. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.

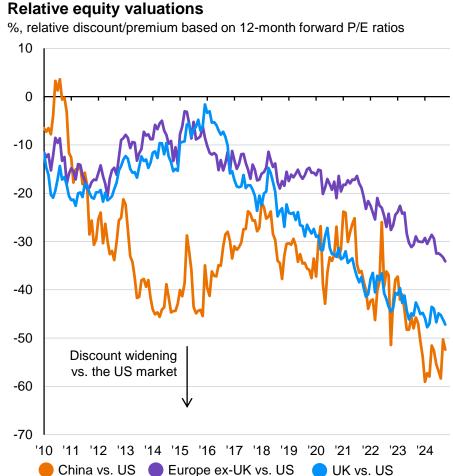




Regional equity valuations

GTM Europe 46





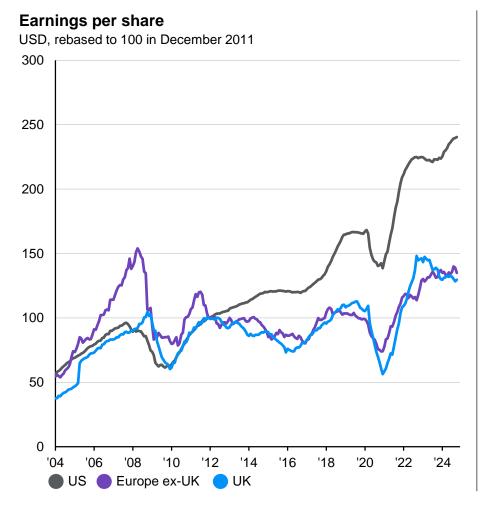
Source: (Left) FTSE, IBES, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. MSCI indices are used for World, Europe ex-UK, EM and China. UK is FTSE All-Share and US is S&P 500. Earnings data is based on 12-month forward estimates. (Right) FTSE, IBES, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. US: S&P 500; Europe ex-UK: MSCI Europe ex-UK; UK: FTSE All-Share; China: MSCI China. Valuation is price to 12-month forward earnings. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





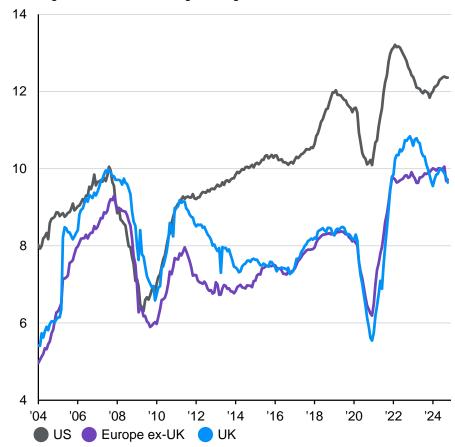
Regional earnings and profit margins

GTM Europe 47



Profit margins

%, margins of 12-month trailing earnings relative to sales



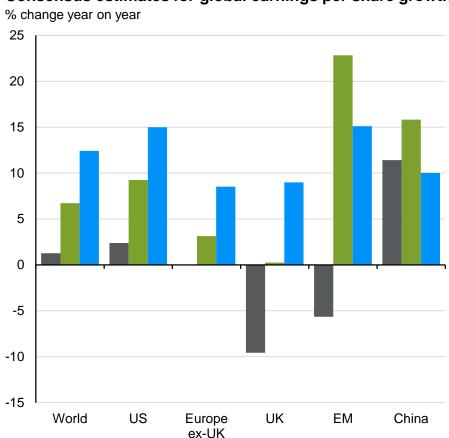


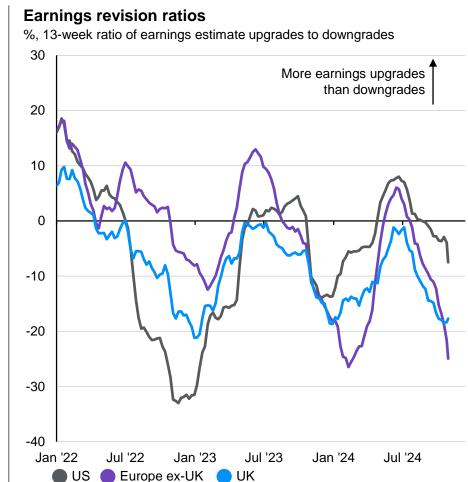


Regional earnings expectations

GTM Europe 48

Consensus estimates for global earnings per share growth





Source: (All charts) FTSE, IBES, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, S&P Global, Tokyo Stock Exchange, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. MSCI indices are used for World, Europe ex-UK, EM and China. Japan is TOPIX, UK is FTSE All-Share and US is S&P 500. Earnings revision ratios are based on 12-month forward earnings expectations, as published by IBES. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.



2023



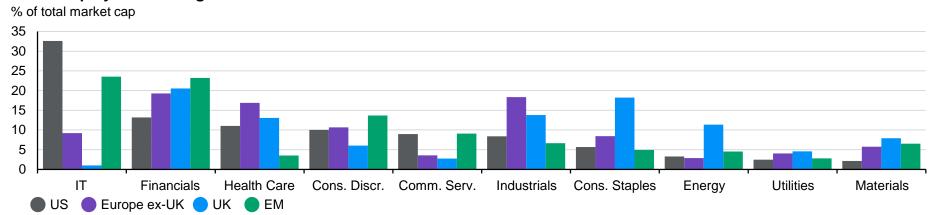
Global equity sector weights

GTM Europe

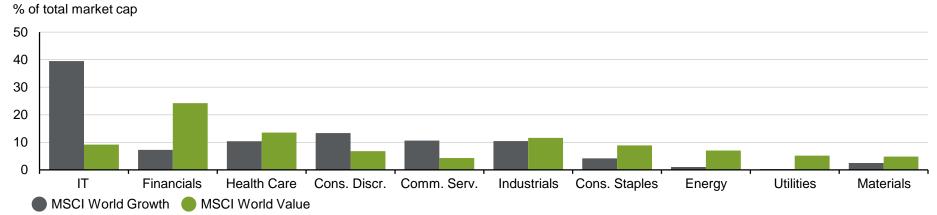
49

GINIE

Global equity sector weights



MSCI World Growth and Value sector weights

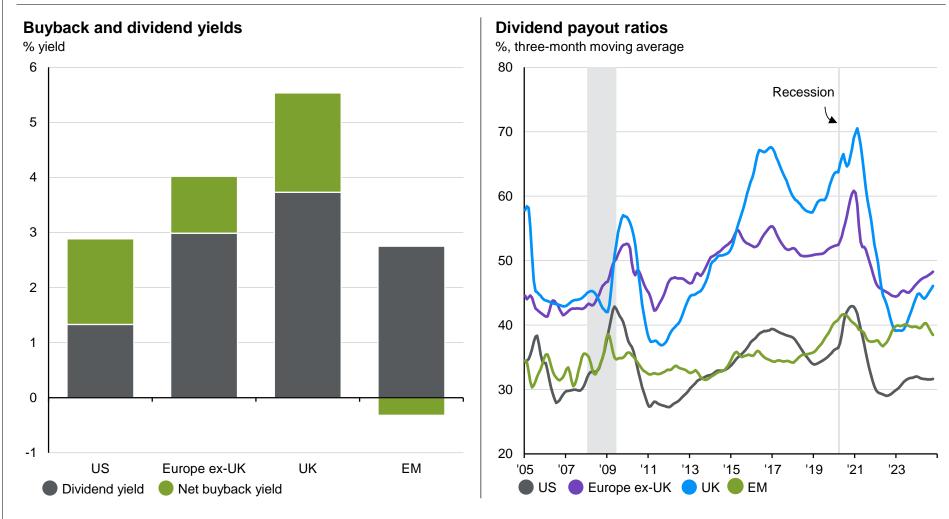






Global equity income

GTM Europe 50



Source: (Left) Bloomberg, FTSE, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. US: S&P 500; Europe ex-UK: MSCI Europe ex-UK; UK: FTSE 100; EM: MSCI EM. Chart shows yields for the last quarter in which buyback data is fully available. Net buyback yield adjusts for share issuance. (Right) FTSE, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. US: S&P 500; Europe ex-UK: MSCI Europe ex-UK; UK: FTSE 100; EM: MSCI EM. Dividend payout ratio shows 12-month trailing dividend per share divided by 12-month trailing earnings per share. Periods of recession are defined using US National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) business cycle dates. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





Equity market factors

GTM Europe 51

S&P 500 Quality/S&P 500 relative performance

Relative total return index level, rebased to 100 in January 1990



MSCI World Growth and Value forward P/E ratios x, multiple 36 32 28 24 20 16 12 '07 '09 '11 '13 '15 '17 '19 '21 '23 '25 Growth Value

Source: (Left) J.P. Morgan Asset Management Quantitative Beta Solutions, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. S&P 500 Quality index is the top quartile quality stocks in the S&P 500 determined by J.P. Morgan Asset Management Quantitative Beta Strategies based on measures of profitability, financial risk and earnings quality. Periods of recession are defined using US National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) business cycle dates. (Right) LSEG Datastream, MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Forward P/E ratio is price to 12-month forward earnings, as published by MSCI. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets - Europe. Data as of 29 October 2024.





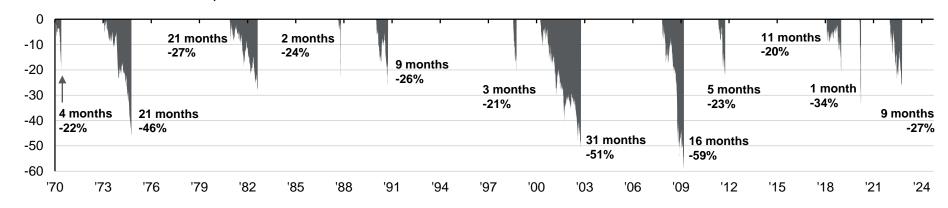
Bull and bear markets

GTM Europe 52

MSCI World bull markets, %



MSCI World bear markets, %







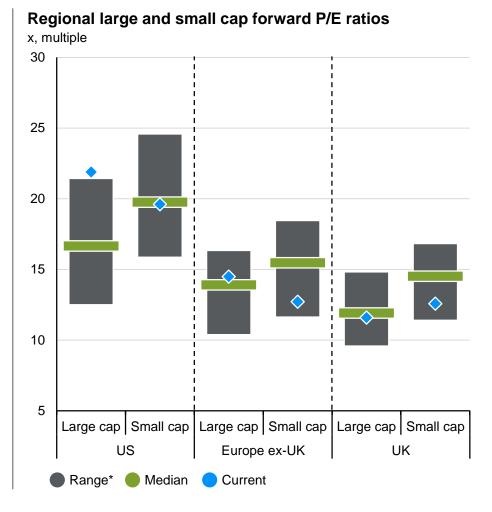
Small caps

GTM Europe 53

Relative performance of US small caps vs. large caps

Relative total return, rebased to 100 in January 1988





Source: (Left) LSEG Datastream, Russell, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. US small caps: Russell 2000; US large caps: S&P 500. (Right) FactSet, IBES, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Forward P/E ratio is price to 12-month forward earnings. All indices are MSCI. P/E ratios for small cap indices are as published by FactSet. Other P/E ratios are calculated using IBES earnings estimates. Range and median calculated from 2008 due to data availability. *Range is 10th to 90th percentile. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets - Europe. Data as of 29 October 2024.



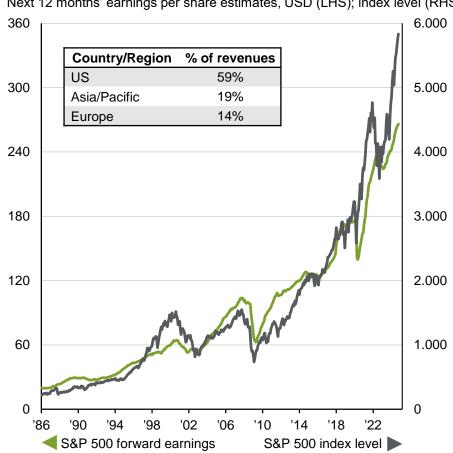


US earnings

GTM Europe 54

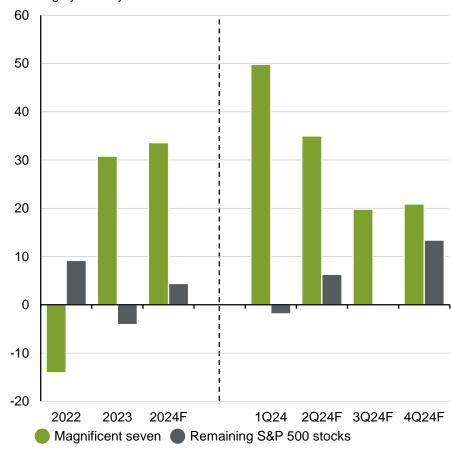
S&P 500 earnings and performance

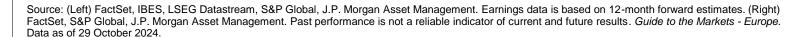
Next 12 months' earnings per share estimates, USD (LHS); index level (RHS)



S&P 500 earnings growth

% change year on year



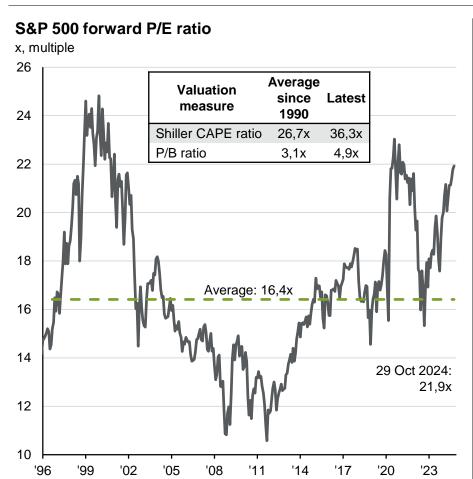






US equity valuations

GTM Europe 55





Source: (Left) IBES, LSEG Datastream, Robert Shiller, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Forward P/E ratio is price to 12-month forward earnings, calculated using IBES earnings estimates. P/E data may differ from *Guide to the Markets - US*, which uses FactSet earnings estimates. Shiller cyclically adjusted P/E (CAPE) is price-to-earnings ratio adjusted using trailing 10-year average inflation-adjusted earnings. P/B ratio is price-to-book ratio. (Right) FactSet, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. The top 10 stocks are based on the 10 largest index constituents at the start of each month. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.



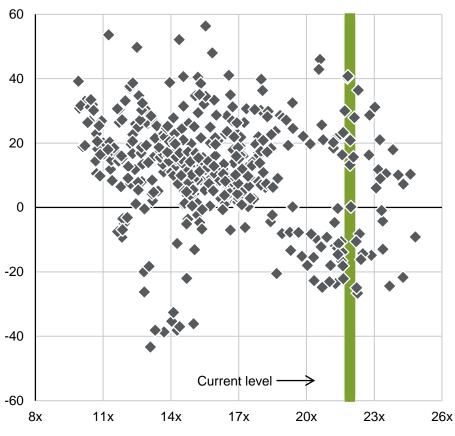


US valuations and subsequent returns

GTM Europe 56

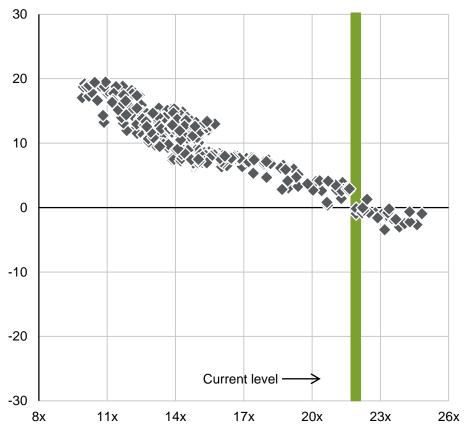
S&P 500 forward P/E ratios and subsequent 1-year returns

%, annualised total return*



S&P 500 forward P/E ratios and subsequent 10-year returns

%, annualised total return*





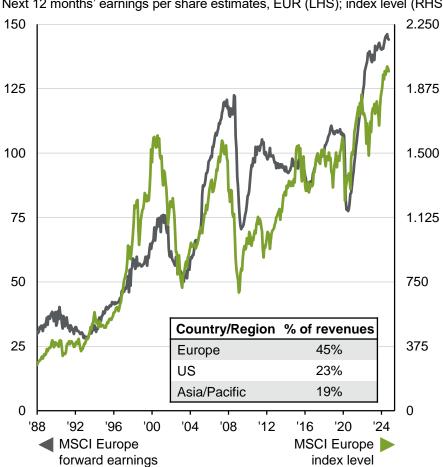


Europe earnings

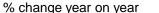
GTM Europe 57

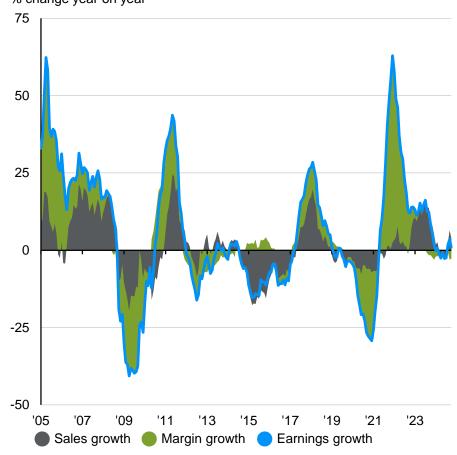
MSCI Europe earnings and performance

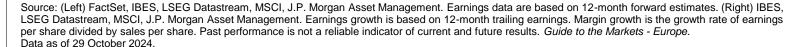




MSCI Europe earnings per share growth











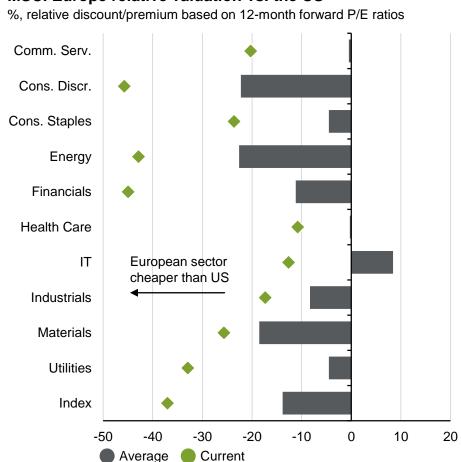
Europe equity valuations

GTM Europe 58

MSCI Europe forward P/E ratio



MSCI Europe relative valuation vs. the US



Source: (Left) IBES, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Forward P/E ratio is price to 12-month forward earnings, calculated using IBES earnings estimates. Cyclically adjusted P/E (CAPE) is price-to-earnings ratio adjusted using trailing 10-year average inflation-adjusted earnings. P/B ratio is price-to-book ratio. (Right) LSEG Datastream, MSCI, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. The chart shows the current percentage discount of the index or sector 12-month forward P/E ratio vs. the equivalent for the S&P 500, and the average since 1995. Communication Services average is calculated using data from 1995 to 2000 inclusive and from 2005 to date, due to sector composition changes. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets - Europe. Data as of 29 October 2024.

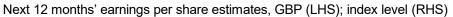


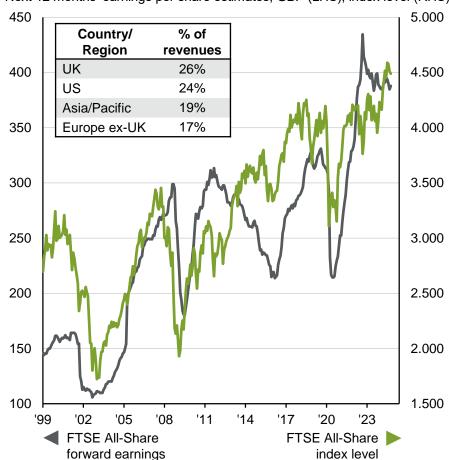


UK earnings

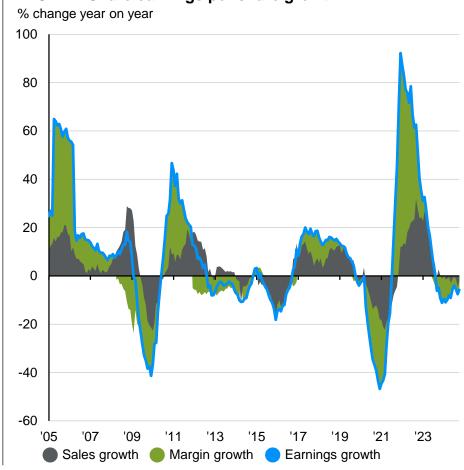
GTM Europe 59

FTSE All-Share earnings and performance





FTSE All-Share earnings per share growth



Source: (Left) FactSet, FTSE, IBES, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Earnings data are based on 12-month forward estimates. (Right) FTSE, IBES, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Earnings growth is based on 12-month trailing earnings. Margin growth is the growth rate of earnings per share divided by sales per share. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





Japan equity market and currency

GTM Europe 60

TOPIX earnings and performance Next 12 months' earnings per share estimates, JPY (LHS); index level (RHS) 250 3.000 Country/Region % of revenues 52% Japan 2.700 Asia/Pacific 18% 200 US 15% 2.400 Europe 10% 2.100 150 1.800 1.500 100 1.200 900 50 600 300 '88 '92 '96 '08 '12 '24

'00

TOPIX forward earnings

'04

TOPIX and the yen vs. US dollar Index level (LHS); JPY per USD (RHS) 3.000 50 2.800 60 2.600 70 2.400 80 2.200 90 2.000 100 1.800 110 1.600 120 1.400 130 1.200 140 1.000 150 Yen depreciating 160 800 170 600 '03 '06 '09 '12 '15 '18 '21 '24 '00 TOPIX index level USDJPY (inverted)



'20

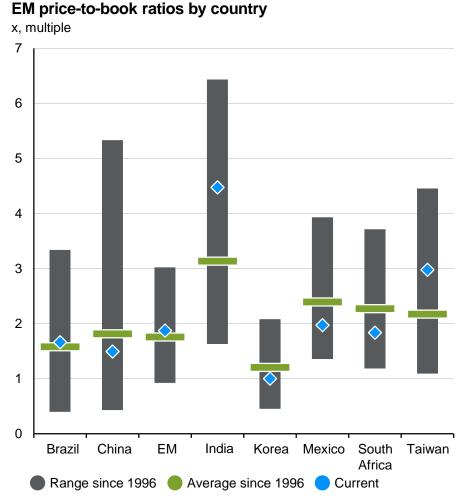
TOPIX index level

'16



Emerging market equity valuations

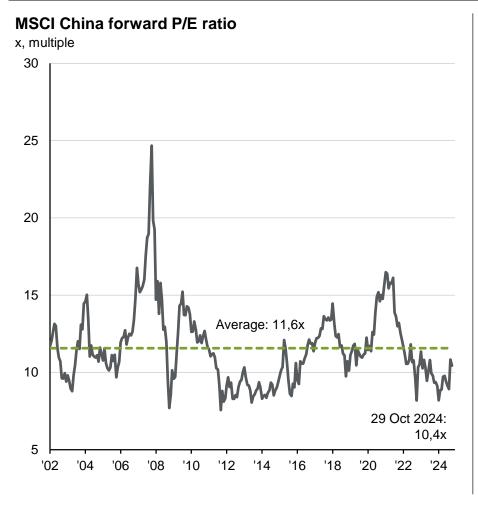


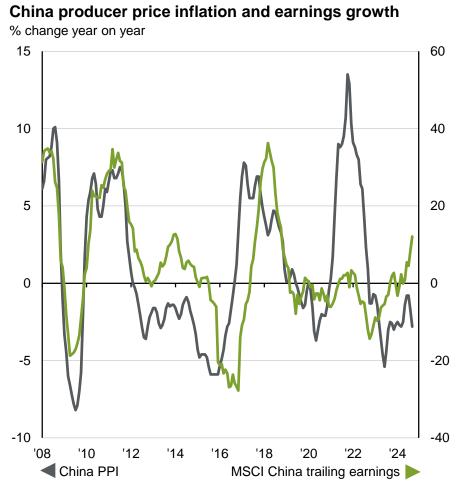






China equity valuations and earnings



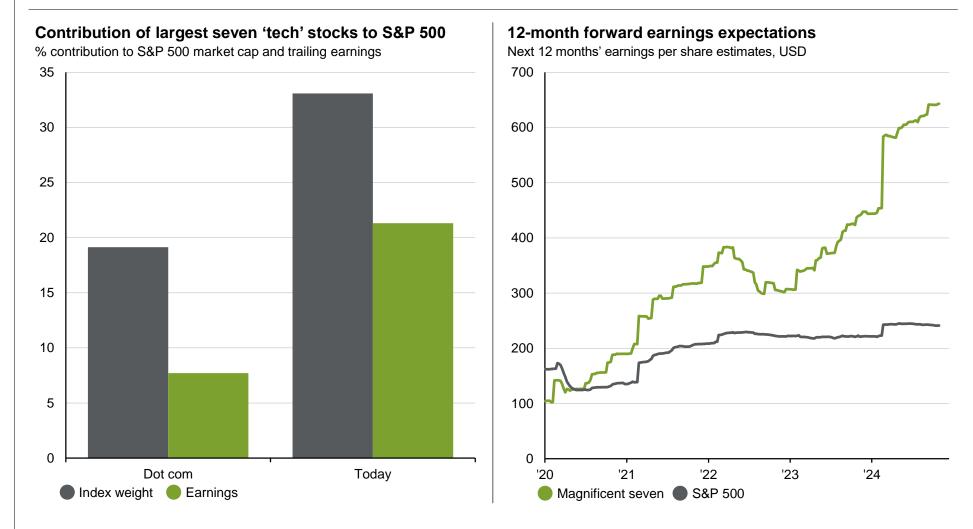






Equity focus: Navigating market concentration

GTM Europe 63



Source: (Left) IBES, LSEG Datastream, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Dot com bubble peak represents the largest seven tech or tech-related firms in the S&P 500 by market cap, as of March 2000. We then show the same metrics for the 'Today' bars for the current largest seven tech or tech-related firms by market cap. (Right) Bloomberg, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.





World stock market returns

GTM Europe 64

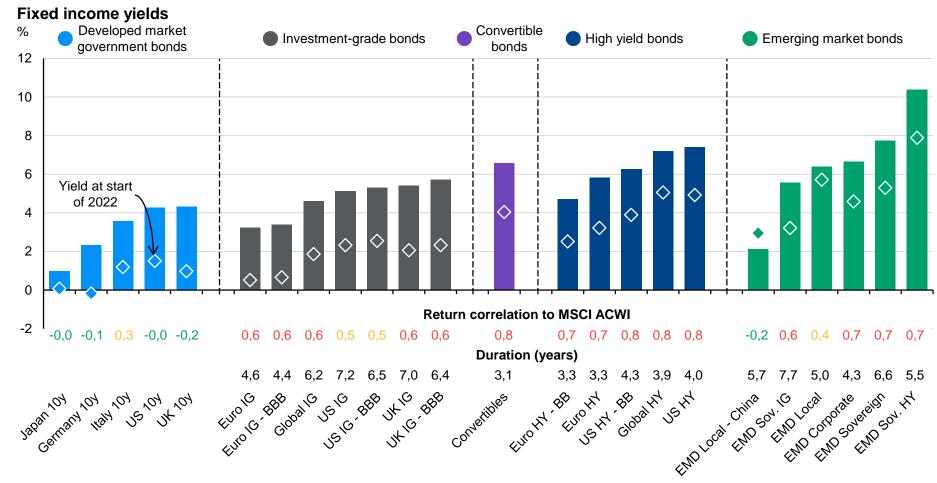
10-year 2022 3Q '24 **YTD** QTD ann. return 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2023 **EUR** 0.4% 38.5% -8,9% 6,2% 4.7% 14.5% 33.9% 22.0% 26.5% Asia ex-JP S&P 500 S&P 500 Asia ex-JP S&P 500 Europe S&P 500 Asia ex-JP S&P 500 S&P 500 S&P 500 Local -4,4% 31,5% 22,7% 28,7% -8.0% 26,3% 8,1% 23,7% 1,3% 12,0% 21,0% 26,9% 8.9% 25,9% -9,3% 4.6% -6,8% 16.6% 20,5% 1,0% 9,2% **MSCIEM** Portfolio Portfolio **MSCIEM** Europe **TOPIX** Europe MSCI EM Asia ex-JP Portfolio Portfolio 31,0% -9,1% 24,5% 19,5% 23,3% -2,4% 15,0% 6,8% 20.1% -0,1% 8,4% -9,4% 0,4% 12,7% 26,9% 8,6% 22,5% -11,5% 16,0% 2,9% 17,3% 7,8% **TOPIX** Portfolio Europe S&P 500 Portfolio Portfolio **TOPIX** Portfolio Portfolio MSCI EM **TOPIX** 21.8% -16.0% 24.6% 18.4% 17.8% -12,2% 28.3% 3.7% 17,0% -1.2% 8.6% 11,2% -9,8% 21,4% 4,8% 8,8% -12,8% 15,3% 2,7% 16,5% 0,2% 7,1% **TOPIX** Asia ex-JP **TOPIX** Portfolio **TOPIX** S&P 500 Portfolio **TOPIX MSCIEM** Asia ex-JP Europe 22.2% 18,1% 10.9% 12.7% -18.1% 18.2% -4.9% 17.3% 7,0% 10.9% -9.9% 21,1% 3.7% 5,2% -14.1% 6.5% 2.4% 11.3% -0.8% **MSCIEM** MSCI EM **TOPIX** MSCI EM Asia ex-JP **MSCIEM** Europe Europe Europe Europe Asia ex-JP 13,7% -9,7% 18,5% 7,4% 0.1% -15,1% 10,3% 1.6% 10,6% -0.9% 5.2% 7.0% -10,0% -2,8% -14,5% 1,7% 8,8% -2,4% 5,3% 20,7% 2.8% 2,7% S&P 500 Europe Asia ex-JP Europe Asia ex-JP **MSCIEM** Asia ex-JP S&P 500 **TOPIX TOPIX MSCIEM** 21,8% -10.0% 18,2% -1,7% -2,8% -15,2% 5.9% 15,8% 1,4% 5.6%





Fixed income yields

GTM Europe 65

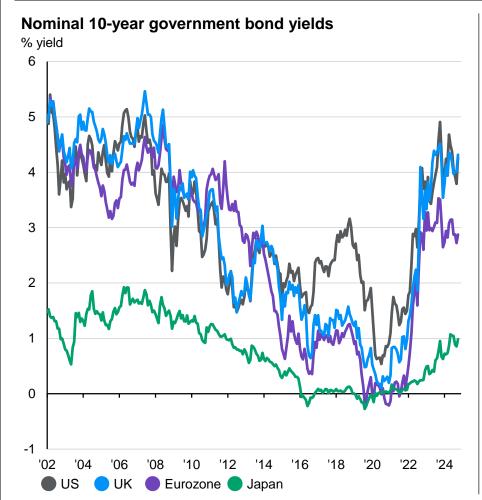


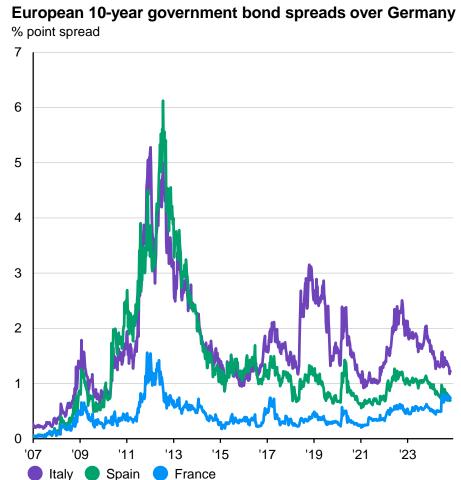
Source: Bloomberg, ICE BofA, J.P. Morgan Economic Research, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Return correlation to MSCI All-Country World Index is calculated using monthly total returns since 2008. Indices used are as follows: Euro IG: Bloomberg Euro-Aggregate Corporate; Global IG: Bloomberg Global Aggregate Corporate; UK IG: Bloomberg Sterling Aggregate Corporate; US IG: Bloomberg US Aggregate Corporate; Convertible bonds: Bloomberg Global Convertible Rate Sensitive hedged to USD; Euro HY: ICE BofA Euro Developed Markets Non-Financial High Yield Constrained Index; Global HY: ICE BofA Global High Yield Index; US HY: ICE BofA US High Yield Constrained Index; EMD corporate: CEMBI Broad Diversified; EMD local: GBI-EM Global Diversified; EMD local – China: J.P. Morgan GBI-EM Broad Diversified China; EMD sovereign: EMBI Global Diversified; EMD sov. IG: EMBI Global Diversified IG; EMD sov. HY: EMBI Global Diversified HY. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.

J.P.Morgan
ASSET MANAGEMENT



Global government bond yields and spreads



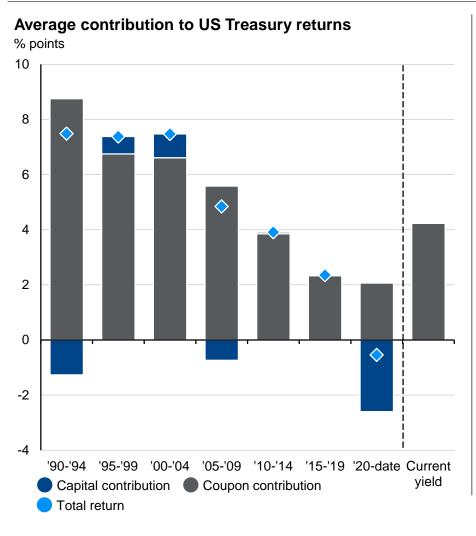


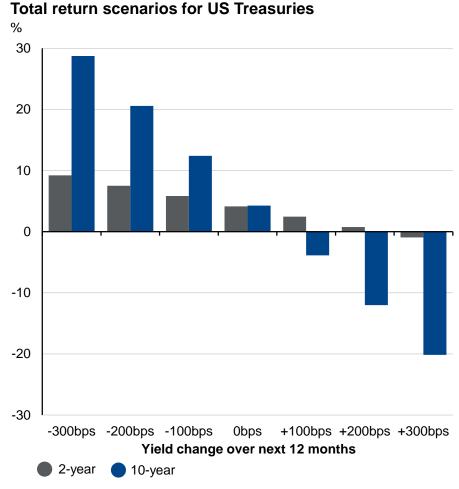




Fixed income: Income and diversification

GTM Europe 67





Source: (Left) Bloomberg, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Index used is the Bloomberg US Treasury index. Chart shows annualised returns and contributions in each period. Returns from 2020 to date include year-to-date annualised returns. (Right) LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Chart indicates the calculated total return achieved by purchasing US Treasuries at the current yield and selling in 12 months' time given various changes in yield. For illustrative purposes only. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.



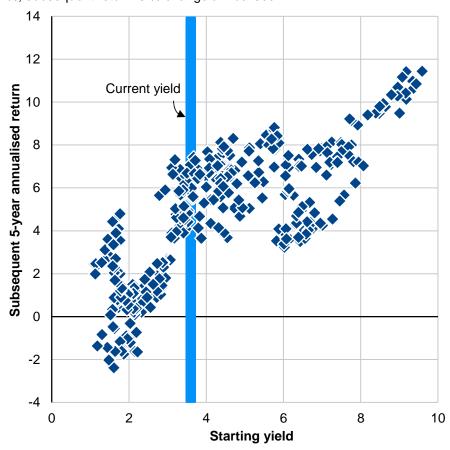


Fixed income yields and subsequent returns

GTM Europe 68

Global fixed income yield cushion Basis point change over 12 months 100 90 80 70

Global fixed income yields and subsequent 5y returns %, subsequent return is % change annualised







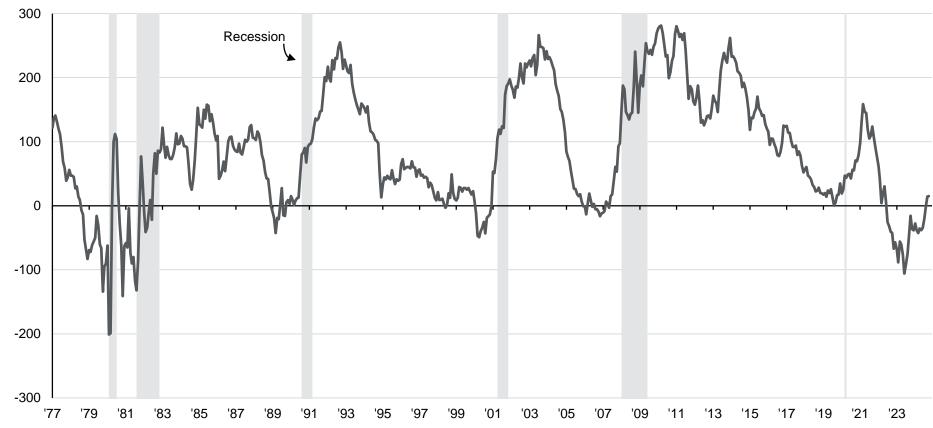


US yield curve

GTM Europe 69

US yield curve

Basis points, 10-year Treasury yield minus 2-year Treasury yield





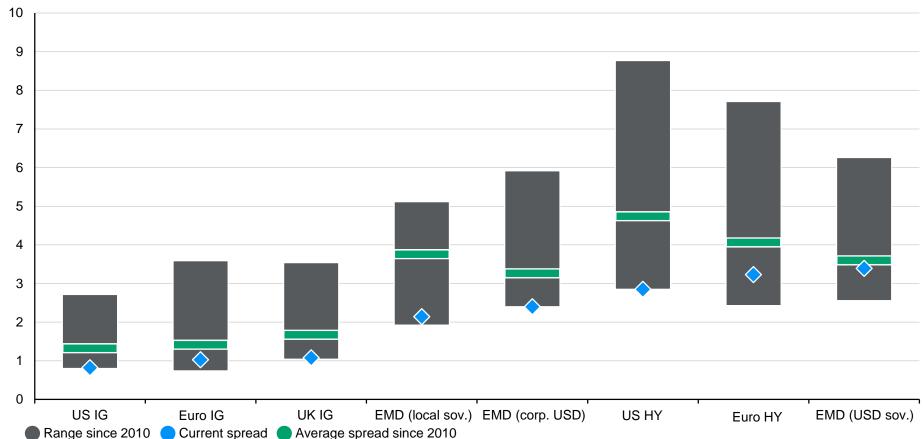


Global fixed income spreads

GTM Europe 70

Fixed income spreads

%, option-adjusted spread



Source: Bloomberg, ICE BofA, J.P. Morgan Economic Research, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Euro IG: Bloomberg Euro Agg. Corporate; US HY: ICE BofA US High Yield Constrained; EM Debt: J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified; Euro HY: ICE BofA Euro Developed Markets Non-Financial High Yield Constrained; US IG: Bloomberg US Agg. Corporate – Investment Grade; UK IG: Bloomberg Sterling Agg. Corporate; EMD local: J.P. Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified; EMD corporate: J.P. Morgan CEMBI Broad Diversified. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.



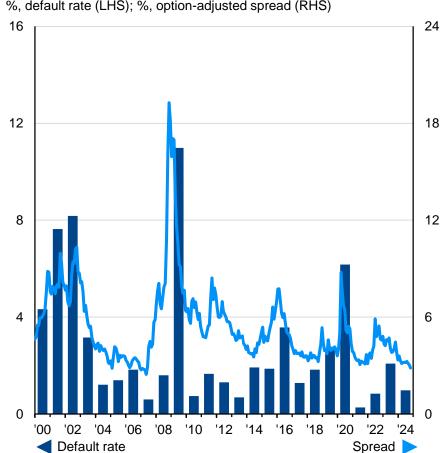


High yield bonds

GTM Europe

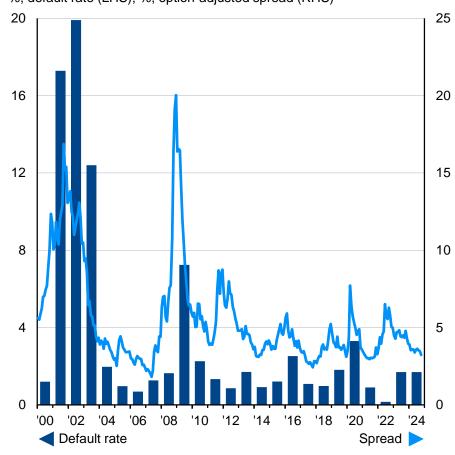
US high yield spread and defaults

%, default rate (LHS); %, option-adjusted spread (RHS)



Euro high yield spread and defaults

%, default rate (LHS); %, option-adjusted spread (RHS)



Source: (Left) ICE BofA, J.P. Morgan Securities Research, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. US HY: ICE BofA US High Yield Constrained. US HY default rate is defined as the par value percentage of the total market trading at or below 50% of par value and includes any Chapter 11 filing, prepackaged filing or missed interest payments. (Right) Bloomberg, ICE BofA, J.P. Morgan Securities Research, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Euro HY: ICE BofA Euro Developed Markets Non-Financial High Yield Constrained Index. Euro HY defaults occur when bonds are downgraded to C rating. The calculation universe is based on par value percentage of the EUR and GBP HY Non-Financials Corporate bond universe. Defaults include missed coupon payments, restructuring and distressed exchanges. Latest default rate is for the last 12 months of available data. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets - Europe. Data as of 29 October 2024.





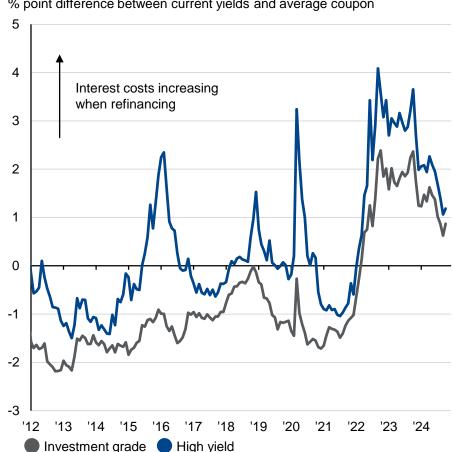
Fixed income focus: Corporate solvency risks

Europe 72

GTM

Global corporate refinancing costs

% point difference between current yields and average coupon



US earnings drawdowns and high yield default rates % (LHS); % drawdown from previous peak (RHS) 16 12 30 Earnings falling and defaults rising 20 10 '04 '06 '08 '12 '14 '18 '20 '10 '16 Default rate Earnings drawdown

Source: (Left) BofA, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Global Investment Grade: BofA Global Corporate Index; Global High Yield: BofA Global Developed Market Non-Financial High Yield Constrained Index. (Right) ICE BofA, J.P. Morgan Securities Research, LSEG Datastream, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. US HY: ICE BofA US High Yield Constrained Index. Default rate is defined as the par value percentage of the total market trading at or below 50% of par value and includes any Chapter 11 filing, prepackaged filing or missed interest payments. Latest default rate is for the last 12 months of available data. Earnings drawdown is based on S&P 500 12month trailing earnings per share. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets - Europe. Data as of 29 October 2024.





Global fixed income returns

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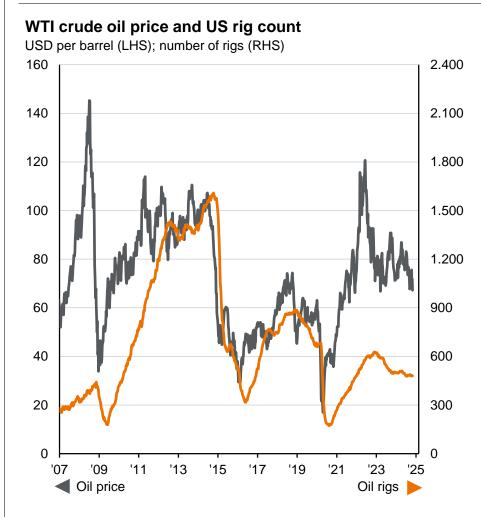
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	3Q '24	YTD	QTD	10-year ann. return
EUR Local	6,3% Euro HY 6,3%	5,9% US Treas. 0,9%	17,2% EM Debt 15,0%	5,0% Euro Gov 5,0%	13,3% US HY 5,3%	-5,4% US HY -11,2%	11,8% Euro HY 11,8%	4,0% Euro Gov 4,0%	10,0% US HY 7,6%	2,9% US HY -0,5%	6,8% US HY 4,5%
	2,4%	2,7%	16,6%	3,1%	6,5%	-6,7%	9,6%	3,3%	9,3%	1,6%	5,5%
	Euro IG	US HY	US IG	Infl Linked	US IG	US Treas.	US HY	Euro HY	EM Debt	EM Debt	EM Debt
	2,4%	-2,3%	14,5%	3,1%	-1,0%	-12,5%	13,5%	3,3%	6,8%	-1,7%	3,2%
	1,4%	2,4%	16,5%	2,8%	6,4%	-9,7%	8,2%	3,3%	6,8%	1,0%	5,3%
	Infl Linked	US IG	US HY	Euro IG	Infl Linked	Infl Linked	Euro IG	Euro IG	Euro HY	US IG	US IG
	1,4%	-2,5%	14,4%	2,8%	6,4%	-9,7%	8,2%	3,3%	6,8%	-2,3%	3,0%
	0,2%	1,3%	11,2%	2,2%	5,7%	-10,2%	7,3%	2,9%	5,3%	0,9%	3,7%
	Euro Gov	Portfolio	Portfolio	Euro HY	EM Debt	US IG	EM Debt	Infl Linked	US IG	US Treas.	Portfolio
	0,2%	-1,4%	10,1%	2,2%	-1,8%	-15,8%	11,1%	2,9%	2,9%	-2,4%	2,4%
	-2,8%	1,0%	10,9%	0,9%	5,1%	-11,3%	7,1%	2,3%	4,7%	0,7%	3,5%
	Portfolio	Euro Gov	Euro HY	Portfolio	US Treas.	Euro HY	Euro Gov	Portfolio	Portfolio	Euro HY	US Treas.
	4,3%	1,0%	10,9%	5,8%	-2,3%	-11,3%	7,1%	4,6%	3,4%	0,7%	1,3%
	-3,2%	0,6%	8,8%	0,8%	3,9%	-11,5%	6,3%	1,9%	3,9%	0,6%	3,4%
	EM Debt	EM Debt	US Treas.	US IG	Portfolio	Portfolio	Portfolio	EM Debt	Euro IG	Portfolio	Euro HY
	10,3%	-4,3%	6,9%	9,9%	-0,2%	-14,6%	8,3%	6,2%	3,9%	-1,2%	3,4%
	-5,6%	-1,3%	6,8%	-0,9%	3,4%	-12,4%	5,9%	1,6%	3,7%	0,1%	2,1%
	US HY	Euro IG	Euro Gov	US Treas.	Euro HY	EM Debt	Infl Linked	US IG	US Treas.	Euro IG	Infl Linked
	7,5%	-1,3%	6,8%	8,0%	3,4%	-17,8%	5,9%	5,8%	1,4%	0,1%	2,1%
	-6,5%	-1,5%	6,6%	-2,7%	-1,0%	-13,6%	4,8%	1,1%	1,3%	-0,7%	1,4%
	US IG	Infl Linked	Infl Linked	US HY	Euro IG	Euro IG	US IG	US HY	Euro Gov	Euro Gov	Euro IG
	6,4%	-1,5%	6,6%	6,1%	-1,0%	-13,6%	8,5%	5,3%	1,3%	-0,7%	1,4%
	-10,1%	-4,0%	6,2%	-3,4%	-3,5%	-18,5%	0,5%	0,6%	-0,2%	-0,9%	1,3%
	US Treas.	Euro HY	Euro IG	EM Debt	Euro Gov	Euro Gov	US Treas.	US Treas.	Infl Linked	Infl Linked	Euro Gov
	2,3%	-4,0%	6,2%	5,3%	-3,5%	-18,5%	4,1%	4,7%	-0,2%	-0,9%	1,3%

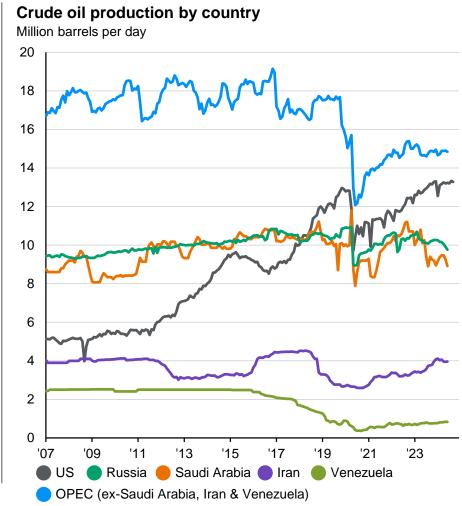
Source: Bloomberg, ICE BofA, J.P. Morgan Economic Research, LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. UK IG: Bloomberg Sterling Agg. Corporate; US HY: ICE BofA US High Yield Constrained; EM Debt: J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified; Euro HY: ICE BofA Euro Developed Markets Non-Financial High Yield Constrained; US IG: Bloomberg US Agg. Corporate – Investment Grade; US Treasuries: Bloomberg US Agg. Gov. Treasury; Euro IG: Bloomberg Euro Agg. Corporate; Euro Gov.: Bloomberg Euro Agg. Government; Infl Linked: Bloomberg Euro Gov. Inflation-Linked. Hypothetical portfolio (for illustrative purposes only and should not be taken as a recommendation): 20% Euro Gov.; 15% US Treasuries; 10% Linkers; 15% US IG; 10% Euro IG; 10% US HY; 5% Euro HY; 15% EM Debt. Returns are unhedged in euros and local currencies. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





Oil



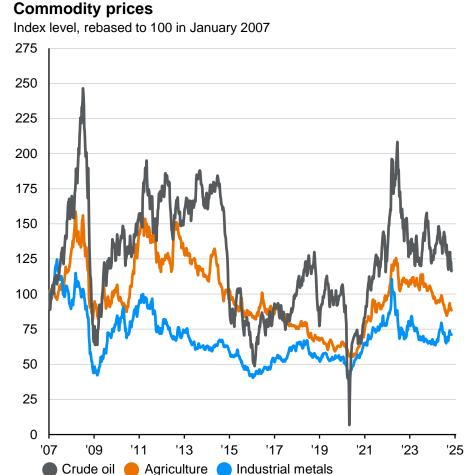


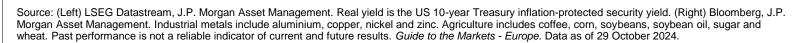




Commodities





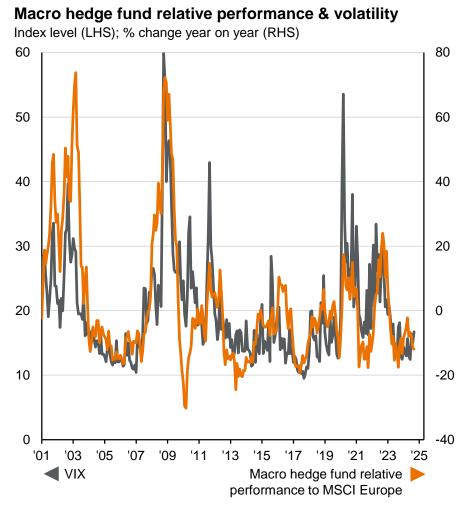


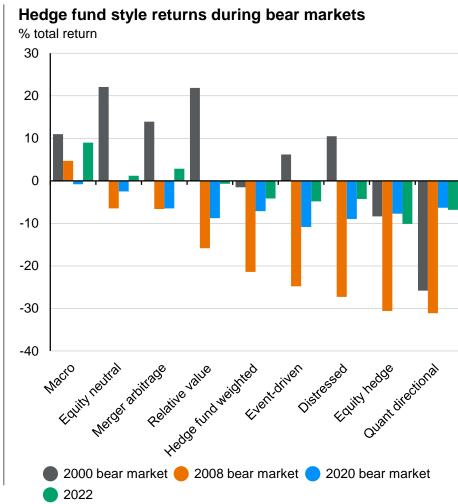




Volatility and alternative investments

GTM Europe 76





Source: (Left) CBOE, Hedge Fund Research Indices (HFRI), LSEG Datastream, MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Macro hedge fund (total return in USD) relative performance is calculated relative to MSCI Europe (total return in local currency). VIX is the implied volatility of S&P 500 Index based on options pricing. (Right) Hedge Fund Research Indices (HFRI), LSEG Datastream, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. 2000 bear market is from 31 March 2000 to 31 October 2002, 2008 bear market is from 31 January 2020 to 30 April 2020. Hedge fund strategies are defined in the HFRI hedge fund strategy classification system. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.



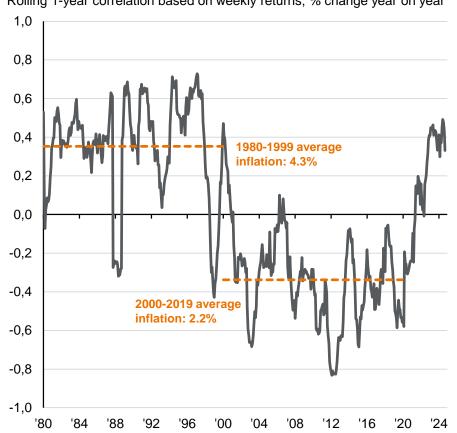


Portfolio construction

GTM Europe 77

S&P 500 / US 10-year Treasury correlations and US inflation

Rolling 1-year correlation based on weekly returns; % change year on year



Public and private market correlations

Correlation, quarterly returns

	2008 – 2Q24	Global Bonds	Global Equities	
Financial	Global Bonds	1,0		
assets	Global Equities	0,4	1,0	
Global real	U.S. Core RE	-0,3	0,0	
estate	Europe Core RE	-0,2	0,1	
	Commodities	0,1	0,6	
Deel coeste	Global Core Infra	-0,1	0,1	
Real assets	Transport	-0,2	0,0	
	Timber	-0,2	-0,2	
Drivoto markete	Direct Lending	0,1	0,7	
Private markets	Private Equity	0,3	0,8	
Hodgo funda	Equity Long/Short	0,3	0,9	
Hedge funds	Macro	0,0	0,3	

Source: (Left) BLS, LSEG Datastream, S&P Global, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. US inflation refers to headline CPI. (Right) Bloomberg, Burgiss, Cliffwater, FactSet, HRFI, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, NCREIF, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Global equities: MSCI AC World Index; Global bonds: Bloomberg Global Aggregate Index; US core real estate: NCREIF Property Index – Open End Diversified Core Equity; Europe core real estate: MSCI Global Property Fund Index – Continental Europe; Direct lending: Cliffwater Direct Lending Index; Global infrastructure: MSCI Global Quarterly Infrastructure Asset Index (equal-weighted blend); Timber: NCREIF Timberland Total Return Index; Commodities: Bloomberg Commodity Index. Private equity is time-weighted returns from Burgiss. Hedge fund indices are from HFRI. Transport returns are derived from a J.P. Morgan Asset Management index. Returns are denominated in USD. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. Guide to the Markets - Europe. Data as of 29 October 2024.



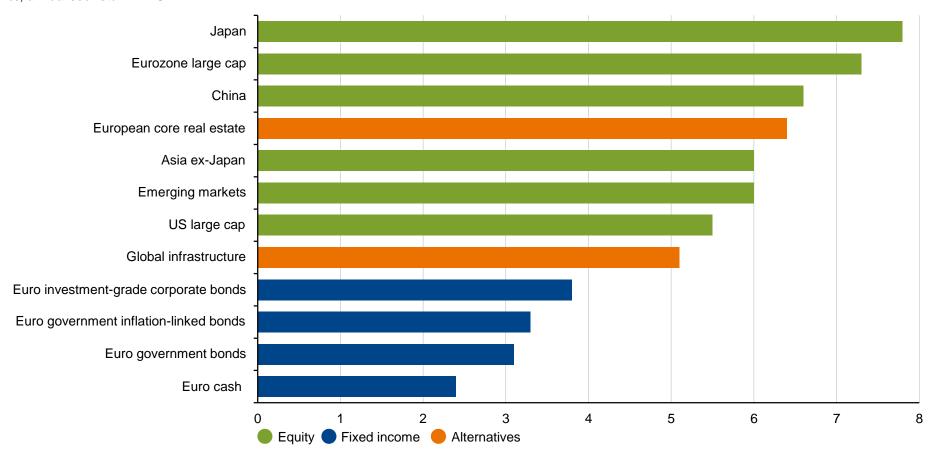


Asset return expectations

GTM Europe 78

2025 Long-Term Capital Market Assumptions expected returns in coming 10-15 years

%, annualised return in EUR



Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management Long-Term Capital Market Assumptions, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Returns are nominal and in EUR. The projections in the chart above are based on J.P. Morgan Asset Management's proprietary Long-Term Capital Market Assumptions (10-15 years) for returns of major asset classes. The resulting projections include only the benchmark return associated with the portfolio and do not include alpha from the underlying product strategies within each asset class. The assumptions are presented for illustrative purposes only. Past performance and forecasts are not reliable indicators of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.

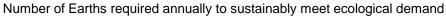


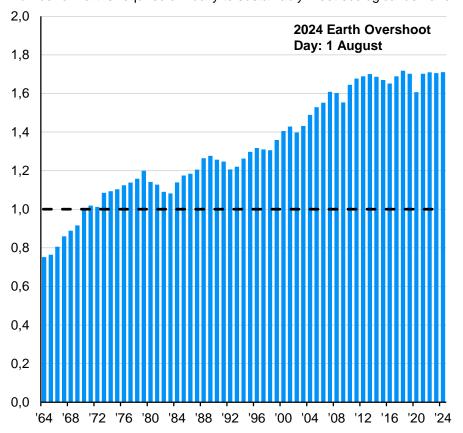


Ecological capacity and consumer concerns

GTM Europe 79

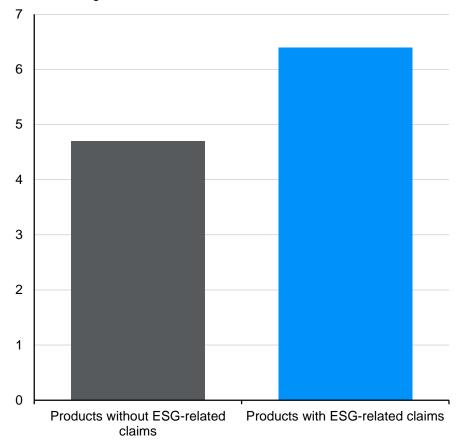
Earths needed to sustainably meet ecological footprint





US sales growth

% annualised growth rate, 2018-2022



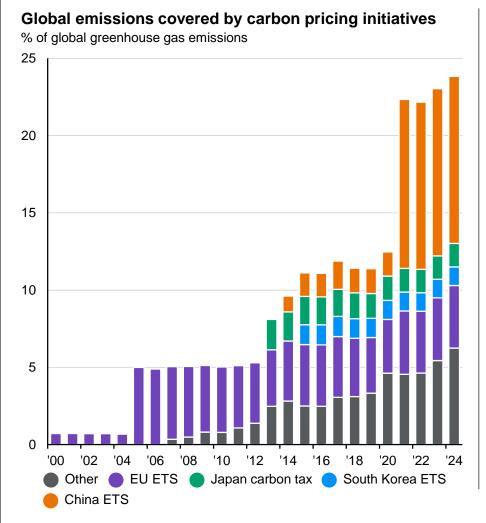
Source: (Left) Global Footprint Network National Footprint and Biocapacity Accounts, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. The ecological footprint measures how fast the world's population consumes resources and generates waste, which is then compared to how fast nature can absorb waste and generate new resources. A score of more than one implies that the world has used more from nature than the planet can regenerate in the entire year. (Right) McKinsey & Company, NielsenlQ, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. The study covered 600,000 products representing USD 400 billion in annual retail revenues. *Guide to the Markets - Europe.* Data as of 29 October 2024.





Carbon pricing

GTM Europe 80

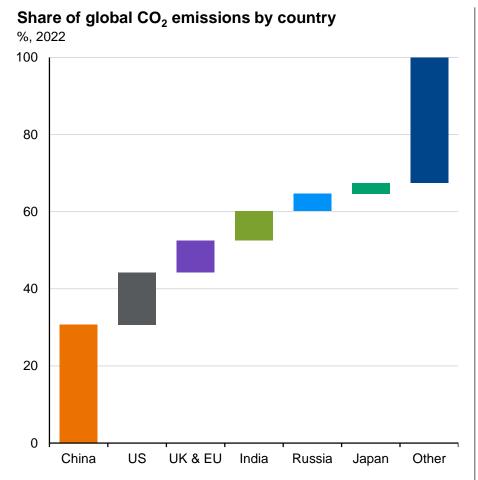


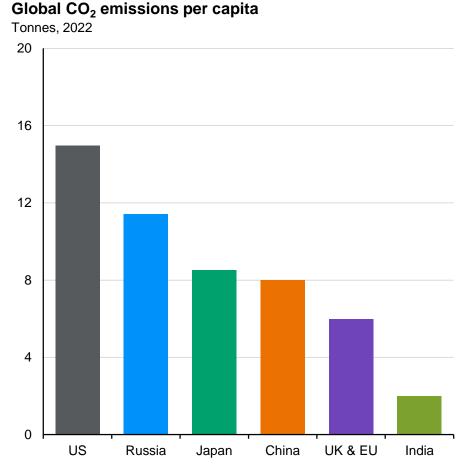
Emissions trading system prices USD per tonne of CO₂ equivalent 120 100 IMF recommended carbon price by 2030 80 60 40 20 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20 '21 '22 '23 '24 South Korea China

Source: (Left) World Bank, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. ETS is emissions trading system. (Right) IMF, International Carbon Action Partnership, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. China ETS price is the Shanghai ETS price up to July 2021, and the mainland price thereafter. USD 85 represents the IMF's recommendation for global average carbon prices by 2030 to limit global warming. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.









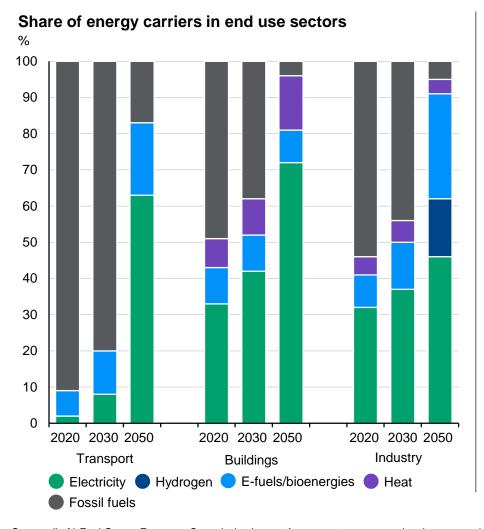




Energy mix and greenhouse gas emissions by sector

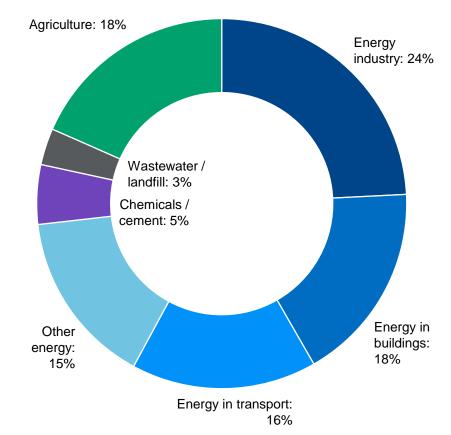
GTM Europe

82



Share of global greenhouse gas emissions by sector

% of global greenhouse gas emissions (2016), CO₂ equivalent tonnes



Source: (Left) Enel Group, European Commission Impact Assessment accompanying the communication on the 2030 Climate Target Plan (Sept 2020) and ENTSOE & ENTSOG TYNDP 2020 Scenario Report (June 2020), J.P. Morgan Asset Management. (Right) Climate Watch, Our World in Data, World Resource Institute, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Greenhouse gas emissions include CO2, methane, nitrous oxide and fluorinated greenhouse gases. CO2 equivalent tonnes standardise emissions to allow for comparison between gases. One equivalent tonne has the same warming effect as one tonne of CO₂ over 100 years. Guide to the Markets - Europe. Data as of 29 October 2024.





Investment in climate change mitigation and adaptation

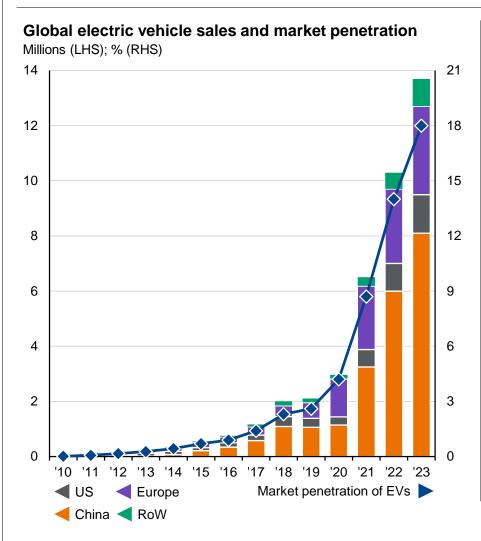
GTM Europe 83

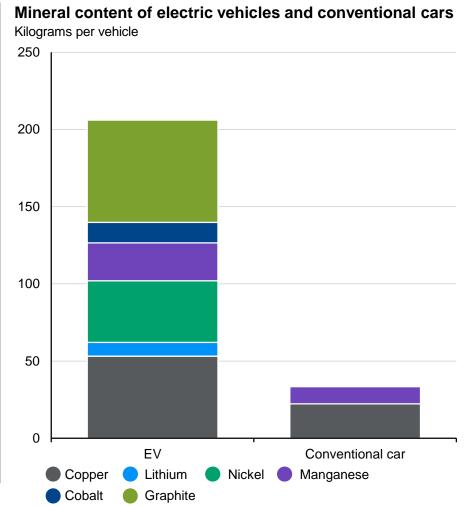
Global investment in renewables, grids and battery storage Adaptation financing gap for developing countries USD billions USD billions, current flows and projected future need for adaptation finance 2.500 600 Forecast based on IEA's 2050 net zero pathway 500 2.000 400 1.500 300 1.000 200 500 100 0 2022 2023 2030e 2021 2030e 2050e Battery storage Renewable power Grids





Electric vehicle sales and mineral content





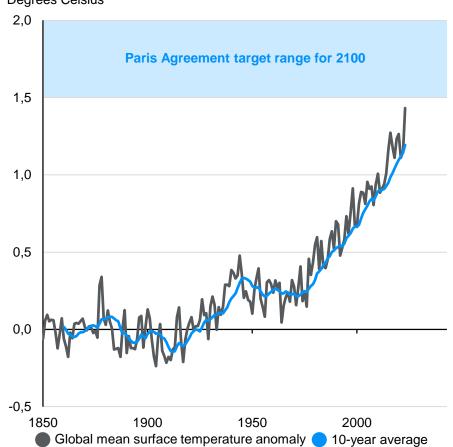




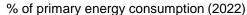
Global warming and energy consumption

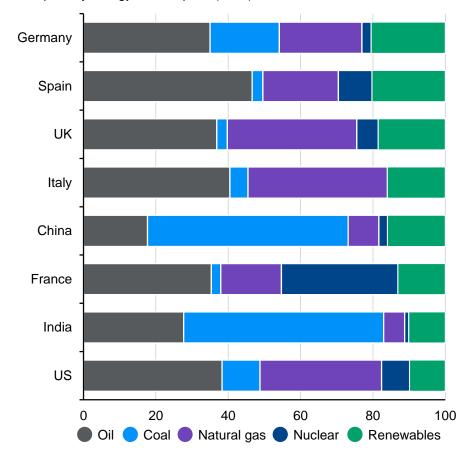
GTM Europe 85

Global temperature anomalies vs. pre-industrial levelsDegrees Celsius



Global energy mix

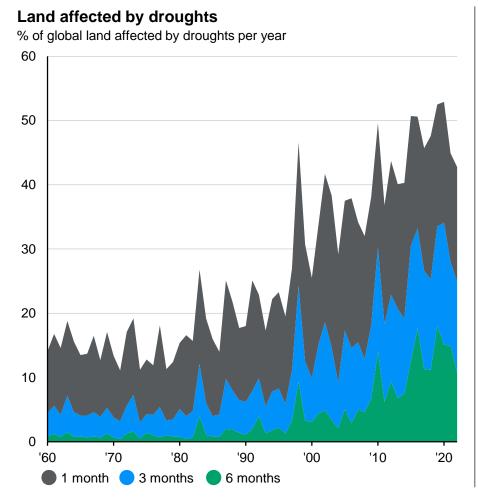


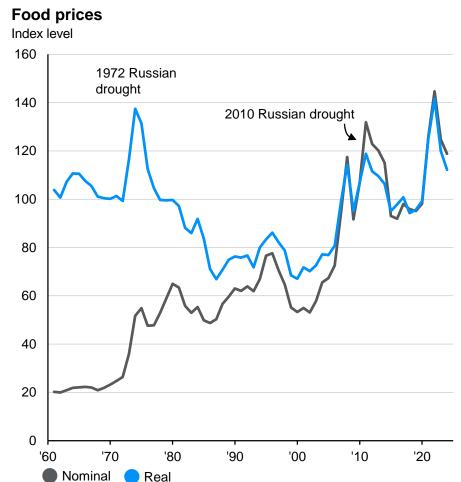






Droughts and food prices



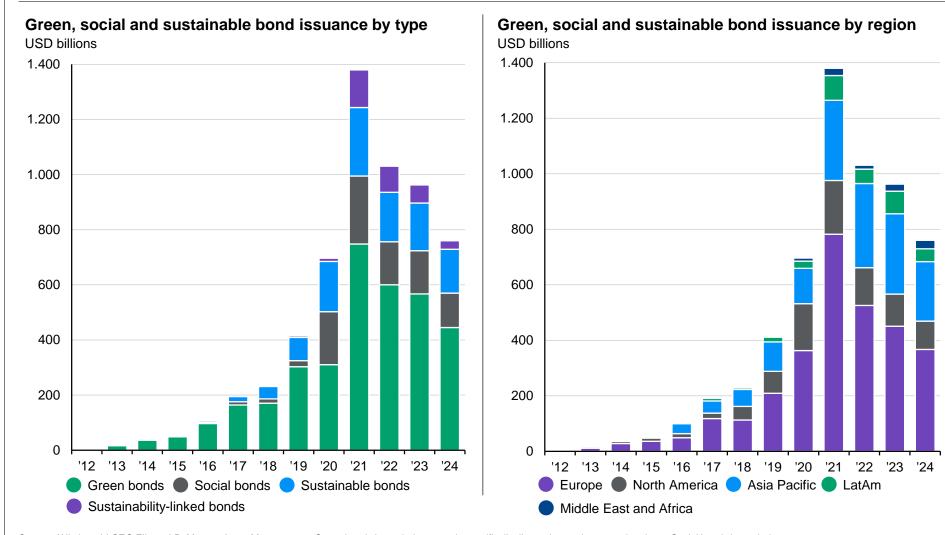






Green, social and sustainable bonds

GTM Europe 87



Source: (All charts) LSEG Eikon, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Green bonds have their proceeds specifically directed to environmental projects. Social bonds have their proceeds directed to socially beneficial projects such as the provision of financing for affordable housing. Sustainable bonds can have their proceeds directed to a mix of green and social projects. Sustainability-linked bonds are general purpose instruments where the use of proceeds are not directed to specific projects, but where the issuer is required to meet predefined sustainability targets. Failure to meet such targets can result in a penalty for the issuer, such as a coupon step-up. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





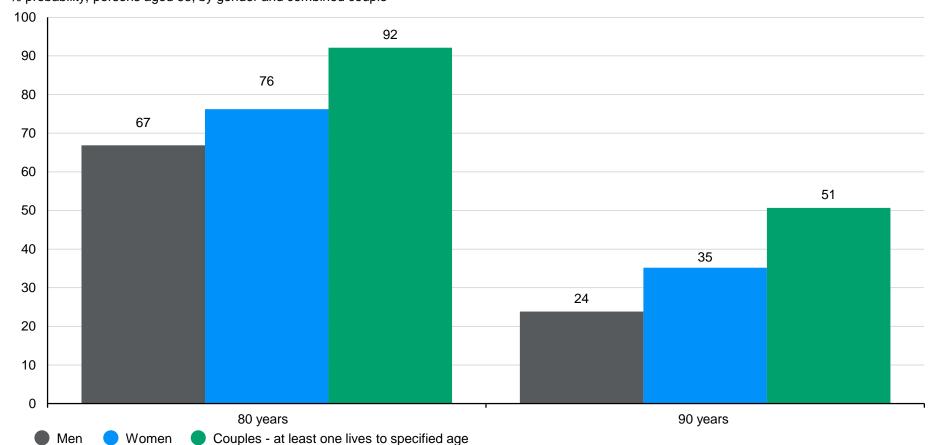
Life expectancy

GTM Europe

88

Probability of reaching ages 80 and 90

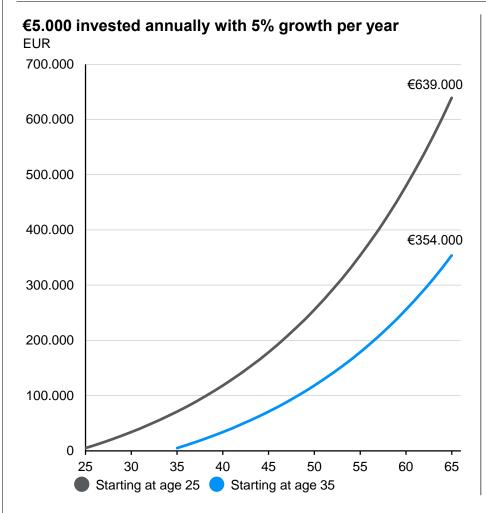
% probability, persons aged 65, by gender and combined couple

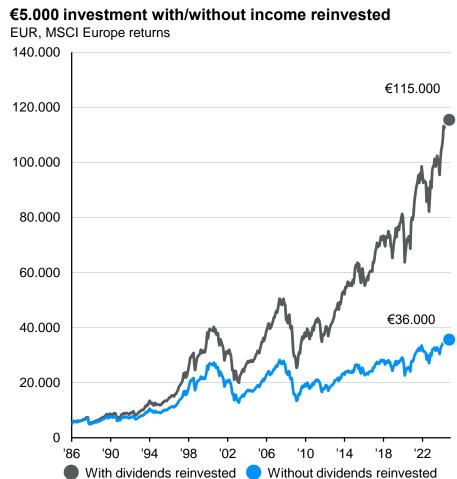






The effect of compounding

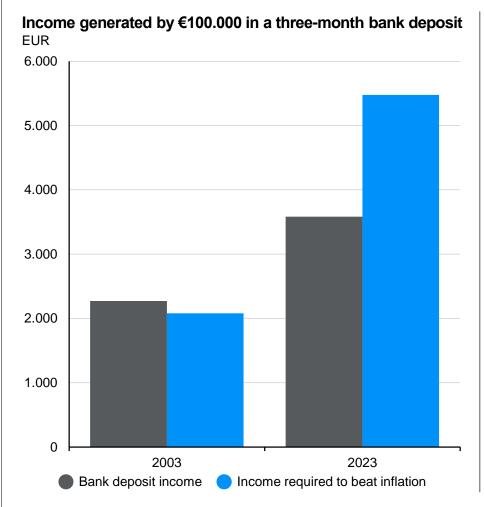


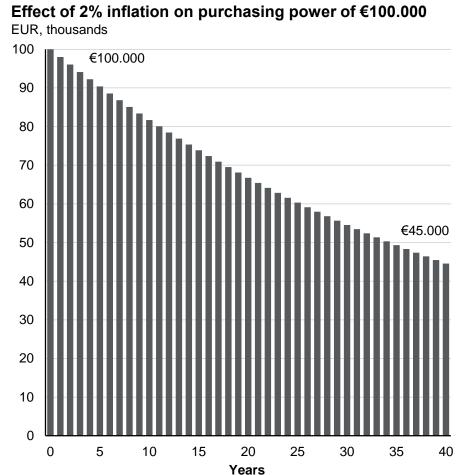






Cash investments









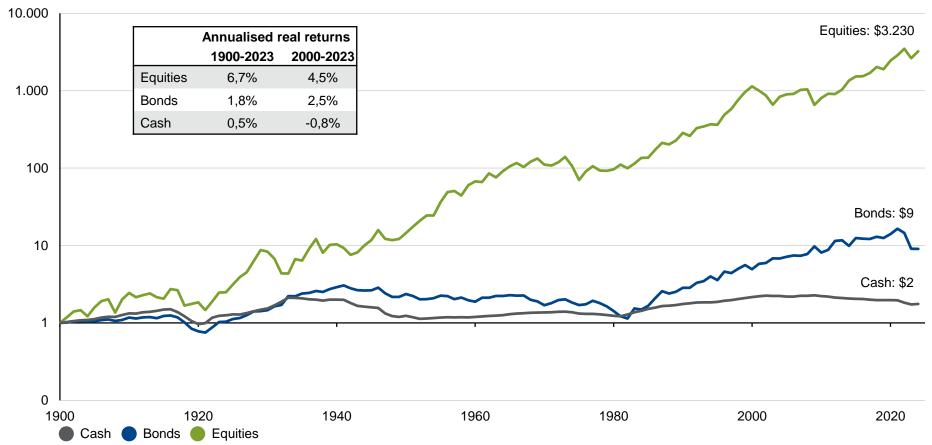
Long-term asset returns

GTM Europe

91

Total return of \$1 in real terms

USD, log scale for total returns







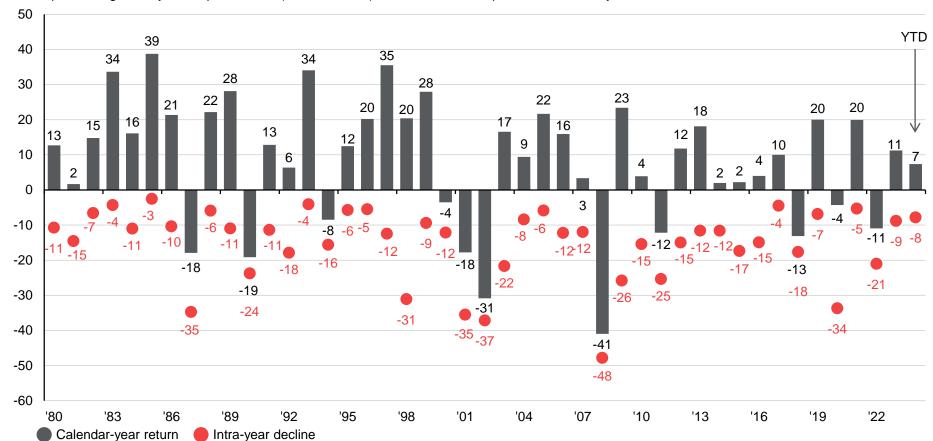
Annual returns and intra-year declines

GTM Europe

92

MSCI Europe intra-year declines vs. calendar-year returns

%; despite average intra-year drops of 15,4% (median 12,0%), annual returns are positive in 33 of 44 years





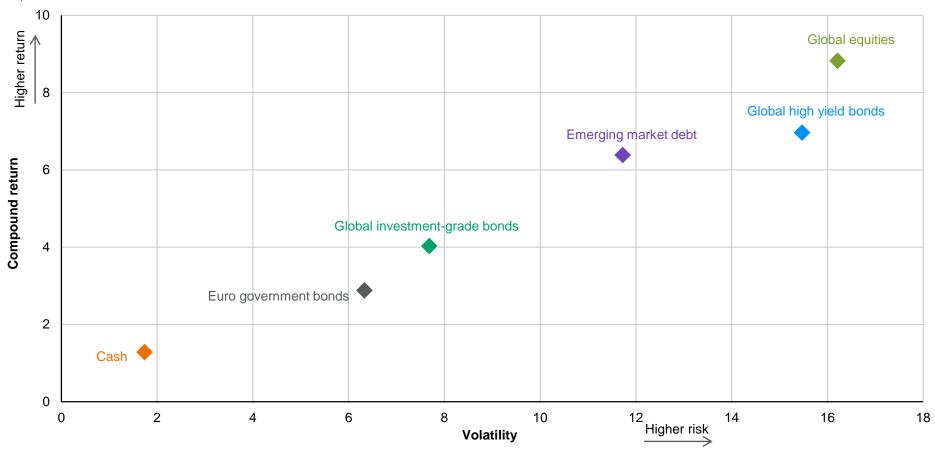


Asset class risk-return trade-off

GTM Europe 93

Historic risk vs. return for selected asset classes

%, annualised return 2004-2023 in EUR



Source: Bloomberg, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Volatility is the standard deviation of annual returns since 2004. Cash: J.P. Morgan Cash EUR (3M); Euro government bonds: Bloomberg Euro Aggregate – Treasury; Global investment-grade bonds: Bloomberg Global Aggregate – Corporate; Emerging market debt: J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified; Global high yield bonds: ICE BofA Global High Yield; Global equities: MSCI All-Country World Index (includes developed and emerging markets). Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.



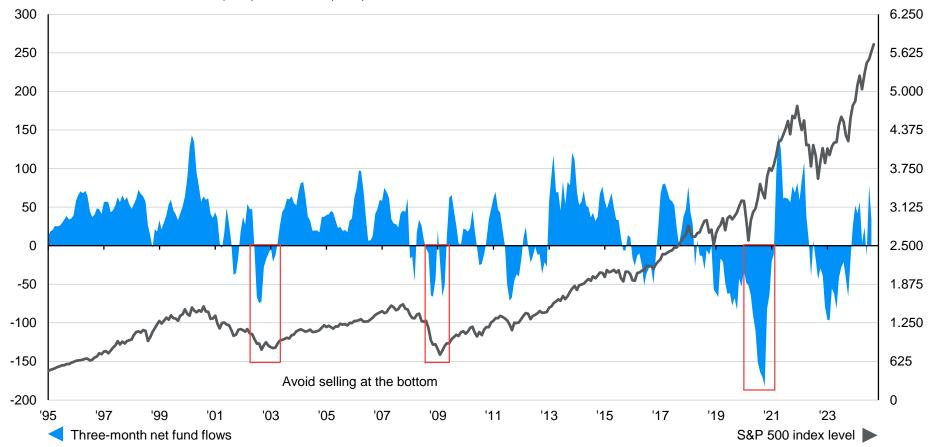


S&P 500 and fund flows

GTM Europe 94

US mutual fund and ETF flows and S&P 500

USD billions, three-month net flows (LHS); index level (RHS)



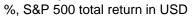


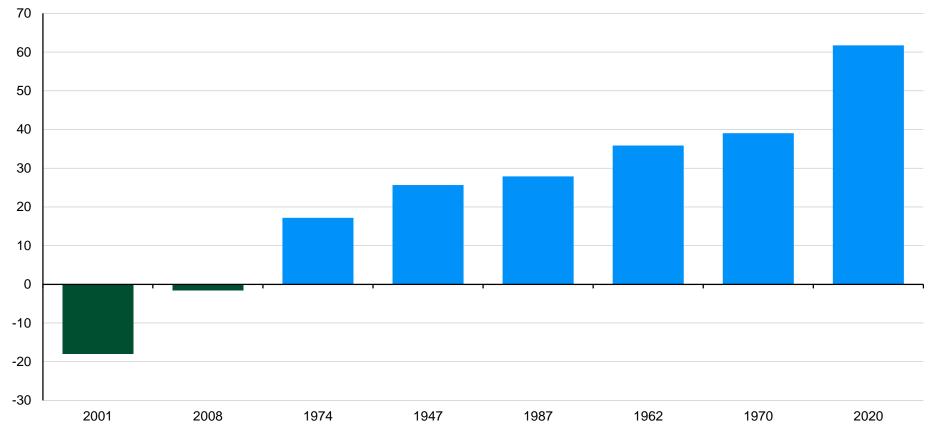


25% drawdowns and subsequent returns

GTM Europe 95

Subsequent 12-month returns after 25% drawdowns









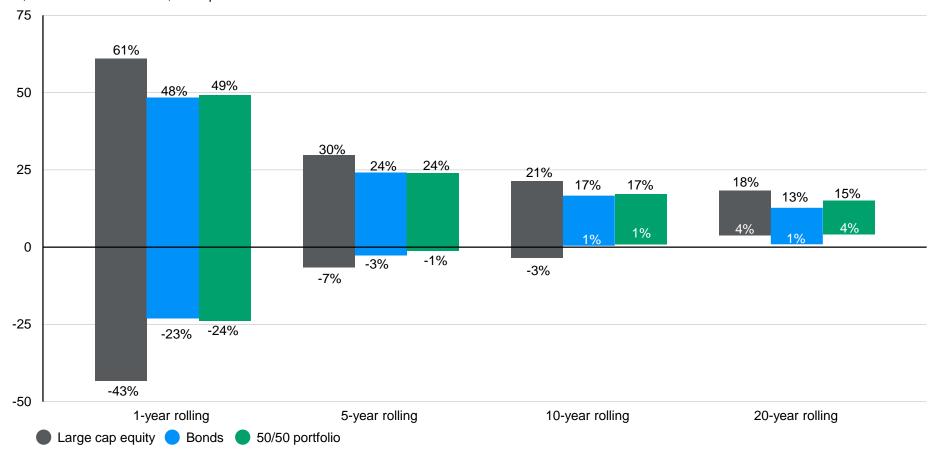
US asset returns by holding period

GTM Europe

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Range of equity and bond total returns

%, annualised total returns, 1950-present



Source: Bloomberg, LSEG Datastream, S&P Global, Strategas/Ibbotson, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Large cap equity represents the S&P 500 Composite and Bonds represents the Strategas/Ibbotson US Government Bond Index, the US Long-term Corporate Bond Index until 2000 and the Bloomberg US Agg. Corporate – Investment Grade Index from 2000 onwards. Returns shown are per annum and are calculated based on monthly returns from 1950 to latest available and include dividends. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





Asset class returns (EUR)

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2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	3Q '24	YTD	QTD
EM equities 21,0%	Govt bonds 4,6%	DM equities 30,8%	EM equities 8,9%	REITs 50,5%	Cmdty 23,7%	DM equities 20,2%	REITs 11,6%	DM equities 21,9%	DM equities 3,3%
DM equities 8,1%	HY bonds 1,5%	REITs 30,4%	DM equities 6,9%	Cmdty 36,8%	Hedge funds 1,9%	HY bonds 9,6%	EM equities 4,6%	EM equities 16,5%	Hedge funds 2,9%
Portfolio 1,7%	IG bonds 1,3%	EM equities 21,1%	Portfolio 1,6%	DM equities 31,6%	Cash 0,0%	Portfolio 8,7%	Govt bonds 3,5%	REITs 13,6%	HY bonds 2,4%
Cash -0,3%	REITs 0,7%	Portfolio 18,9%	IG bonds 1,3%	Portfolio 16,6%	HY bonds -7,6%	REITs 7,7%	Portfolio 2,5%	Portfolio 11,8%	Cmdty 1,8%
EMD -3,2%	EMD 0,6%	EMD 17,2%	Govt bonds 0,5%	Hedge funds 11,5%	Portfolio -9,3%	EMD 7,3%	DM equities 2,2%	HY bonds 10,2%	EMD 1,6%
HY bonds -3,2%	Cash -0,3%	HY bonds 15,8%	Cash -0,3%	HY bonds 9,1%	IG bonds -11,3%	EM equities 6,5%	IG bonds 2,1%	EMD 9,3%	Portfolio 1,6%
REITs -4,0%	Portfolio -1,6%	IG bonds 13,6%	HY bonds -0,9%	EMD 5,7%	Govt bonds -12,1%	IG bonds 5,9%	EMD 1,9%	Hedge funds 7,0%	REITs 0,9%
IG bonds -4,2%	Hedge funds -2,0%	Hedge funds 10,6%	Hedge funds -2,0%	EM equities 5,2%	DM equities -12,3%	Cash 3,3%	HY bonds 1,7%	Cmdty 6,6%	IG bonds 0,7%
Govt bonds -5,8%	DM equities -3,6%	Cmdty 9,7%	EMD -3,4%	IG bonds 4,5%	EMD -12,4%	Govt bonds 0,7%	Cash 1,0%	IG bonds 5,0%	EM equities 0,4%
Hedge funds -6,9%	Cmdty -6,8%	Govt bonds 7,5%	Cmdty -11,1%	Govt bonds 0,5%	EM equities -14,5%	Hedge funds -0,4%	Hedge funds -1,9%	Cash 3,4%	Cash 0,3%
Cmdty -10,7%	EM equities -9,9%	Cash -0,3%	REITs -13,6%	Cash -0,5%	REITs -20,2%	Cmdty -11,0%	Cmdty -3,3%	Govt bonds 0,7%	Govt bonds -0,8%

10-year ann. return	Vol.
DM equities 11,6%	REITs 22,4%
REITs 10,1%	Cmdty 16,9%
Portfolio 6,6%	DM equities 13,2%
HY bonds 6,0%	EM equities 11,7%
EMD 5,5%	EMD 10,2%
EM equities 5,3%	Portfolio 8,5%
IG bonds 4,0%	HY bonds 8,1%
Hedge funds 3,7%	IG bonds 7,8%
Govt bonds 1,9%	Govt bonds 6,8%
Cmdty 1,1%	Hedge funds 6,4%
Cash 0.2%	Cash

Source: Bloomberg, FTSE, J.P. Morgan Economic Research, LSEG Datastream, MSCI, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Vol. is the standard deviation of annual returns. Govt bonds: Bloomberg Global Aggregate Government Treasuries; HY bonds: ICE BofA Global High Yield; EMD: J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified; IG bonds: Bloomberg Global Aggregate – Corporate; Cmdty: Bloomberg Commodity, REITs: FTSE NAREIT All REITS; DM equities: MSCI World; EM equities: MSCI EM; Hedge funds: HFRI Global Hedge Fund Index; Cash: J.P. Morgan Cash Index EUR (3M). Hypothetical portfolio (for illustrative purposes only and should not be taken as a recommendation): 30% DM equities; 10% EM equities; 15% IG bonds; 12,5% government bonds; 7,5% HY bonds; 5% EMD; 5% commodities; 5% cash; 5% REITs and 5% hedge funds. All returns are total return, in EUR, and are unhedged. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results. *Guide to the Markets - Europe*. Data as of 29 October 2024.





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